European Environment Agency European Topic Centre on Biological Diversity



Acrocephalus palustris

Annex I No International action plan No

Marsh Warbler, *Acrocephalus palustris*, is a species of passerine bird in the warbler family found in wetland and river and lake ecosystems. It is widely distributed across the Eastern, Central and north-Western Europe. This species favours rank, tufty and fairly tall herbage, especially nettles (*Urtica*), meadowsweet (*Filipendula*), brambles (*Rubus fruticosus*) and others, often in the vicinity of taller bushes or trees. It also occurs in corn fields and other agricultural land surrounded with a belt of low bushes or hedgerows as well as in wasteland with tall grass, herbs and small bushes, in tall herbaceous vegetation along ditches, in marsh vegetation at edges of swamps, in reeds on dry ground and even in gardens (European Red List 2015).

Acrocephalus palustris has a breeding population size of 2200000-3430000 pairs and a breeding range size of 1830000 square kilometres in the EU27. The breeding population trend in the EU27 is Stable in the short term and Stable in the long term.

The EU population status of *Acrocephalus palustris* was assessed as Secure, because the species does not meet any of the IUCN Red List criteria for threatened or Near Threatened, or the criteria for Depleted or Declining (the EU27 population or range has not declined by 20% or more since 1980).

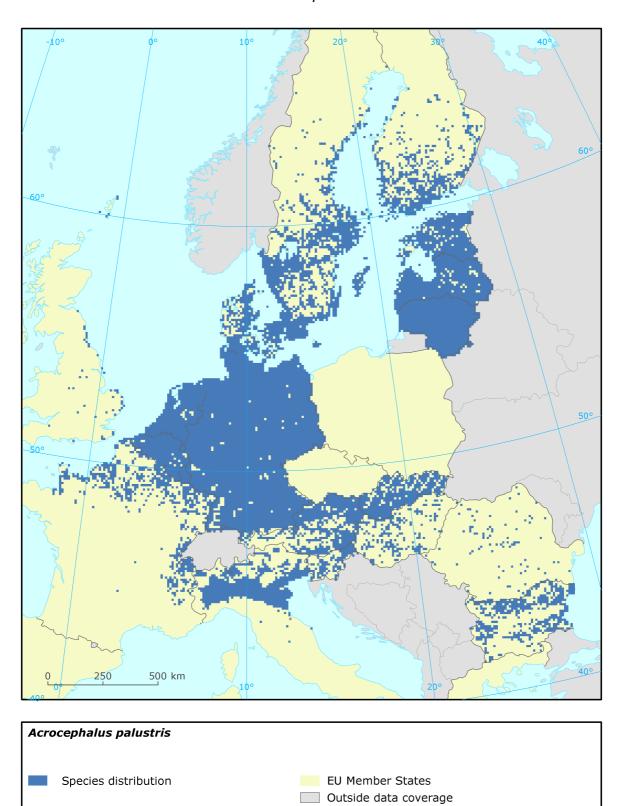
Report under the Article 12 of the Birds Directive

Assessment of status at the European level

Breeding population size	Breeding population trend		_ Range	Breeding range trend		Winter population	Winter population trend		_ Population
	Short term	Long term	area	Short term	Long term	size	Short term	Long term	status
2200000 - 3430000 p	0	0	1830000						Secure

See the endnotes for more informationⁱ

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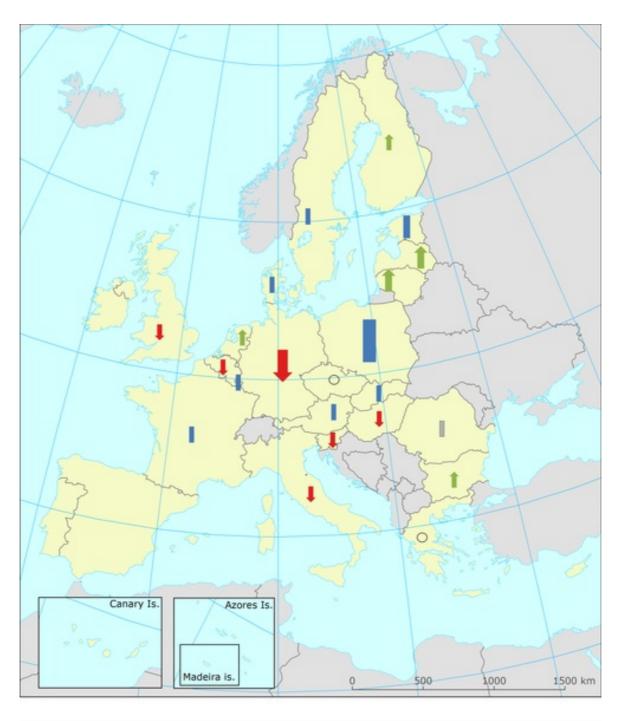


Trends at the Member State level

MS/Ter. % ir		Breeding	Breeding population trend		Range	Breeding range trend		Winter population	Winter population trend	
MS/Tel. EU27	population size	Short term	Long term	area	Short term	Long term	size	Short term	Long term	
AT	4.7	25000 - 40000 p	F	X	86052	0	0			
BE	2.7	13000 - 18000 p	-	0	30053	0	0			
BG	4.0	10000 - 26000 p	+	0	101000	+	+			
CZ										
DE	32.2	345000 - 520000 p	-	F	356306	0	0			
DK	3.4	28000 - 28000 p	0	0	42682	0	0			
EE	4.0	200000 - 300000 p	0	-	50200	0	+			
FI	5.0	12000 - 23000 p	+	+	155100	X	+			
FR	5.2	6000 - 11000 p	0	0	146300	X	0			
GR										
HU	1.7	56000 - 91000 p	-	X	93011	0	X			
IT	5.3	10000 - 30000 p	-	-	92500	+	+			
LT	6.3	150000 - 300000 p	+	+	73400	0	0			
LU	0.2	800 - 1200 p	0	_	2594	0	0			
LV	5.6	145150 - 435278 p	+	+	64478	0	0			
NL	3.4	74375 - 116875 p	+	-	42483	0	0			
PL		890000 - 1100000 p	0	X		X	X			
RO	0.7	97024 - 126215 p	X	X	200700	X	X			
SE	10.7	16000 - 32000 p	0	0	227900	0	X			
SI	0.9	10000 - 15000 p	-	X	11375	0	0			
SK	3.5	40000 - 50000 p	0	0	53295	0	0			
UK	0.4	2 - 8 p	-	-	4800	+	+			

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Short-term winter population trend was not reported for this species.

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2008-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at: http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/summary?period=1&subject=A296 .

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ⁱ Assessment of status at the European level: The EU assessments of birds population status was made by the European Red List of Birds Consortium (under contract with the European Commission)

The EU27 population trends were assessed using these categories: '+' Increasing, '0' Stable, 'F' Fluctuating, '-' Decreasing, 'xu' Uncertain and 'x' Unknown. The breeding population size is estimated in majority of the cases as 'p' number of pairs. Alternative population units used are: 'males' number of males, 'i' number of individuals, 'cmales' number of calling males and 'bfem' number of breeding females. The winter population size is estimated as number of individuals.

ⁱⁱSpecies trends at the Member State level: The percentage of the EU27 species population occurring in the Member States (% in EU27) is calculated based on the population size reported by the Member States.