European Environment Agency European Topic Centre on Biological Diversity



Circus pygargus

Annex I Yes International action plan No

Montagu's Harrier, *Circus pygargus*, is a species of day-flying bird of prey found in cropland, grassland and heathland and shrub ecosystems.

Circus pygargus has a breeding population size of 15500-21500 breeding females and a breeding range size of 1100000 square kilometres in the EU27. The breeding population trend in the EU27 is Decreasing in the short term and Uncertain in the long term.

The EU population status of *Circus pygargus* was assessed as Secure, because the species does not meet any of the IUCN Red List criteria for threatened or Near Threatened, or the criteria for Depleted or Declining (the EU27 population or range has not declined by 20% or more since 1980).

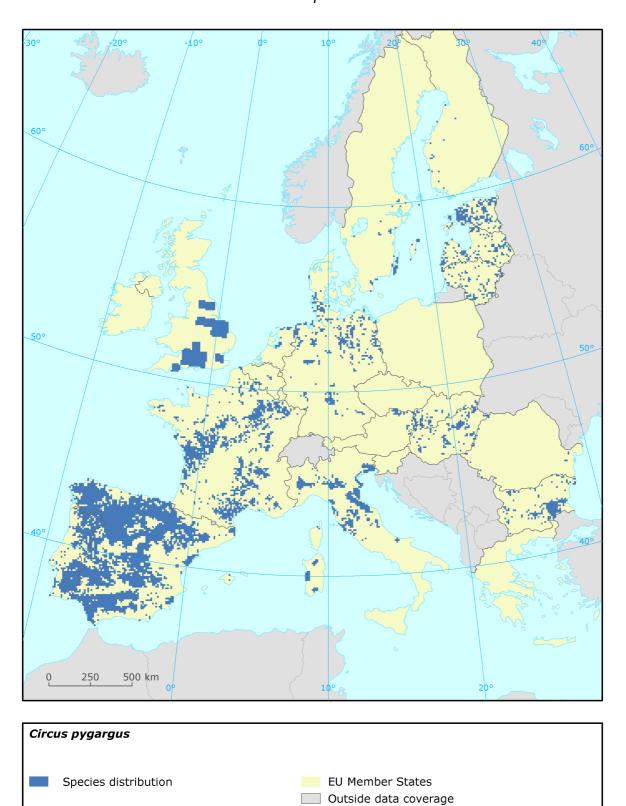
Circus pygargus

Report under the Article 12 of the Birds Directive

Assessment of status at the European level

Breeding population	Breeding population trend		Range	A	g range nd	Winter	Winter population trend		Population
size	Short term	Long term	area	Short term	Long term	population size	Short term	Long term	status
15500 - 21500 bfemales	-	u	1100000						Secure

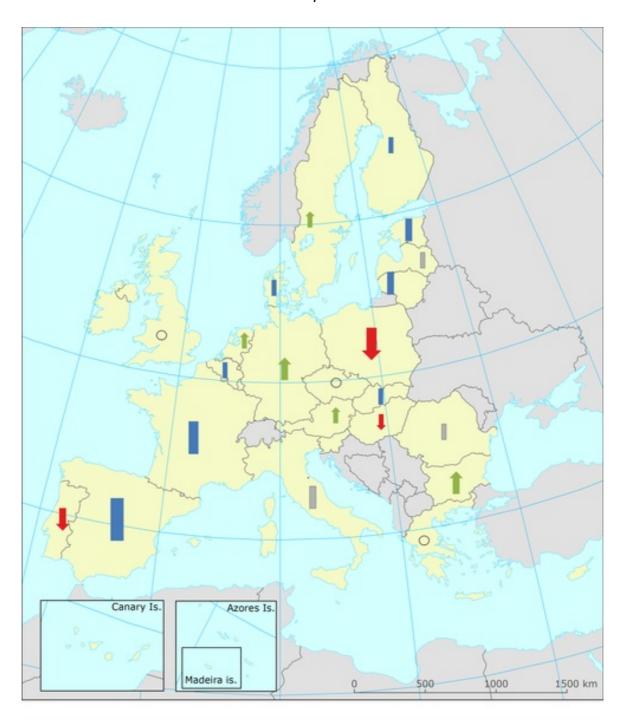
See the endnotes for more informationⁱ

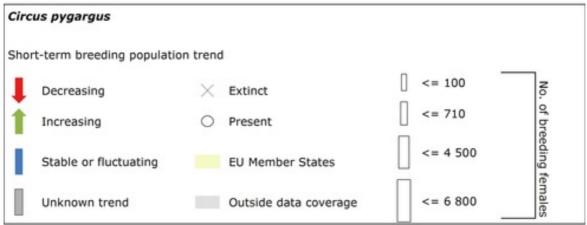


Trends at the Member State level

MS/Ter. % in		Breeding	Breeding population trend		_ Range _	Breeding range trend		Winter - population	Winter population trend	
WS/Tel.	EU27	population size	Short term	Long term	area	Short term	Long term	size	Short term	Long term
AT	0.6	22 - 32 bfemales	+	+	8097	+	+			
BE	0.1	3 - 7 bfemales	0	0	808	-	0			
BG	2.7	300 - 350 bfemales	+	+	50200	+	+			
CZ										
DE	5.4	470 - 550 bfemales	+	+	53862	+	+			
DK	0.2	22 - 22 bfemales	0	-	1860	0	+			
EE	2.8	500 - 800 bfemales	0	0	37700	0	+			
ES	43.3	6093 - 7389 bfemales	0	0	420664	0	0			
FI	0.2	1 - 9 bfemales	F	X	3100	X	+			
FR	17.0	3800 - 5100 bfemales	F	-	231600	0	-			
GR										
HU	1.8	50 - 200 bfemales	-	X	11030	-	X			
IT	5.9	260 - 380 bfemales	X	+	76100	+	+			
LT	1.6	300 - 400 bfemales	0	0	47200	0	0			
LV	1.9	29 - 68 bfemales	X	X	46333	X	0			
NL	0.4	48 - 63 bfemales	+	+	6219	+	0			
PL		3000 - 4700 bfemales	-	X		X	X			
PT	7.2	500 - 1000 bfemales	-	-	79500	0	0			
RO	0.3	20 - 50 bfemales	X	x	2200	X	X			
SE	0.8	45 - 75 bfemales	+	0	11700	0	X			
SK	0.9	15 - 40 bfemales	F	F	13299	-	F			
UK	6.8	12 - 16 p	+	+	3600	+	-			

See the endnotes for more informationⁱⁱ





Short-term winter population trend was not reported for this species.

Main pressures and threats reported by Member States

For the bird species triggering SPA classification Member States were asked to report the 20 most important pressures and threats using an agreed hierarchical list which can be found on the Article 12 Reference Portal (http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/activities/Reporting/Article_12/reference_portal). Pressures are activities which are currently having an impact on the species and threats are activities expected to have an impact in the near future. The table below only contains information from Member States, where a species triggers SPA classification. Pressures and threats were ranked in three classes 'high, medium and low importance', the table below only shows pressures and threats classed as 'high', for some species there were less than ten pressures and threats reported as highly important.

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' pressures and threats

Code	Activity	Frequency
A02	Modification of cultivation practices	27
A03	Mowing or cutting grasslands	22
A06	Crops of annuals & perennials (non-timber)	11
A07	Use of 'pesticides' in agriculture	5
F03	Hunting and collection of terrestrial wild animals	5
J02	Changes in water bodies conditions	5
A01	Agricultural cultivation	3
A04	Grazing by livestock	3
A10	Restructuring agricultural parcels	3
A11	Other agriculture activities	3

Proportion of population covered by the Natura 2000 network

For the bird species triggering SPA classification Member States were asked to report the size of a species population occurring within the Natura 2000 network. The percentage of species population covered by the network was estimated by comparing the population size within the network and the total population size.

Percentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites

MS/territory	season	SPA trigger	% coverage
AT	breeding	YES	27.95
BE	breeding	NO	
BG	breeding	YES	21.38
DE	breeding	YES	50.16
DK	breeding	YES	34.02

MS/territory	season	SPA trigger	% coverage
EE	breeding	YES	19.36
ES	breeding	YES	18.5
FI	breeding	YES	47.14
FR	breeding	YES	19.78
HU	breeding	YES	77.46
IT	breeding	YES	44.99
LT	breeding	YES	4.47
LV	breeding	YES	94.15
NL	breeding	YES	6.3
PL	breeding	YES	13.73
PT	breeding	YES	17.32
RO	breeding	YES	22.36
SE	breeding	YES	48.69
SK	breeding	YES	12.91
UK	breeding	NO	

See the endnotes for more information iii

Most frequently reported conservation measures

For the bird species triggering SPA classification Member States were asked to report up to 20 conservation measures being implemented for this species using an agreed list which can be found on the Article 12 Reference Portal. Member States were further requested to highlight up to five most important ('highly important') measures; the table below only shows measures classed as 'high', for many species there were less than ten measures reported as highly important.

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' conservation measures

Code	Measure	Frequency
6.3	Legal protection of habitats and species	24
6.1	Establish protected areas/sites	19
2.2	Adapting crop production	12
7.4	Specific single species or species group management measures	12
2.1	Maintaining grasslands and other open habitats	10
4.2	Restoring/improving the hydrological regime	7
2.0	Other agriculture-related measures	5
3.2	Adapt forest management	2
4.0	Other wetland-related measures	2
4.3	Managing water abstraction	2

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2008-2012.

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More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at: http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/summary?period=1&subject=A084.

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¹ Assessment of status at the European level: The EU assessments of birds population status was made by the European Red List of Birds Consortium (under contract with the European Commission)

The EU27 population trends were assessed using these categories: '+' Increasing, '0' Stable, 'F' Fluctuating, '-' Decreasing, 'xu' Uncertain and 'x' Unknown. The breeding population size is estimated in majority of the cases as 'p' number of pairs. Alternative population units used are: 'males' number of males, 'i' number of individuals, 'cmales' number of calling males and 'bfem' number of breeding females. The winter population size is estimated as number of individuals.

ⁱⁱSpecies trends at the Member State level: The percentage of the EU27 species population occurring in the Member States (% in EU27) is calculated based on the population size reported by the Member States.

iiiPercentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites: In some cases the population size within the Natura 2000 network has been estimated using a different methodology to the estimate of overall population size and this can lead to percentage covers greater than 100%. In such case the value has been given as 100% and highlighted with an asterisk (*). The value 'x' indicates that the Member State has not reported the species population and/or the coverage by Natura 2000. No information is available for Greece and for non-Annex I species in the Czech Republic.