European Environment Agency European Topic Centre on Biological Diversity



Podiceps nigricollis nigricollis

Europe/South & West Europe & North Africa

Annex I No International action plan No

Black-necked Grebe, *Podiceps nigricollis*, is a species of grebe found in wetland, river and lake, marine inlet and transitional water and coastal ecosystems.

Podiceps nigricollis has a breeding population size of 9800-17700 pairs and a breeding range size of 283000 square kilometres in the EU27. The breeding population trend in the EU27 is Uncertain in the short term and Uncertain in the long term. *Podiceps nigricollis* has a winter population size of 24400-40800 individuals in the EU27. The winter population trend in the EU27 is Decreasing in the short term and Increasing in the long term.

The EU population status of *Podiceps nigricollis* was assessed as Secure, because the species does not meet any of the IUCN Red List criteria for threatened or Near Threatened, or the criteria for Depleted or Declining (the EU27 population or range has not declined by 20% or more since 1980).

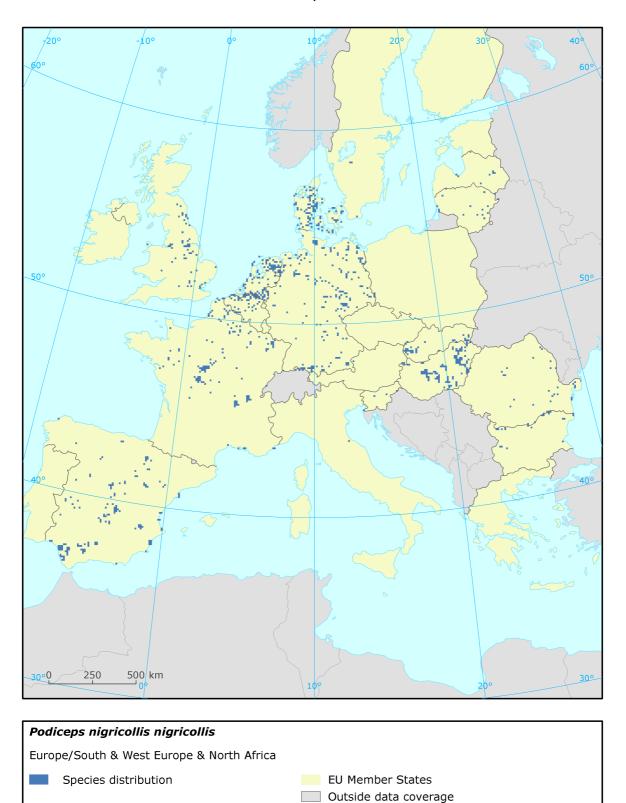
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Assessment of status at the European level

Breeding	Breeding population trend		Breeding range Range trend		• •	Winter	Winter population trend		_ Population
population size	Short term	Long term	area	Short term	Long term	population size	Short term	Long term	status
9800 - 17700 p	u	u	283000			24400 - 40800 i	-	+	Secure

See the endnotes for more informationⁱ

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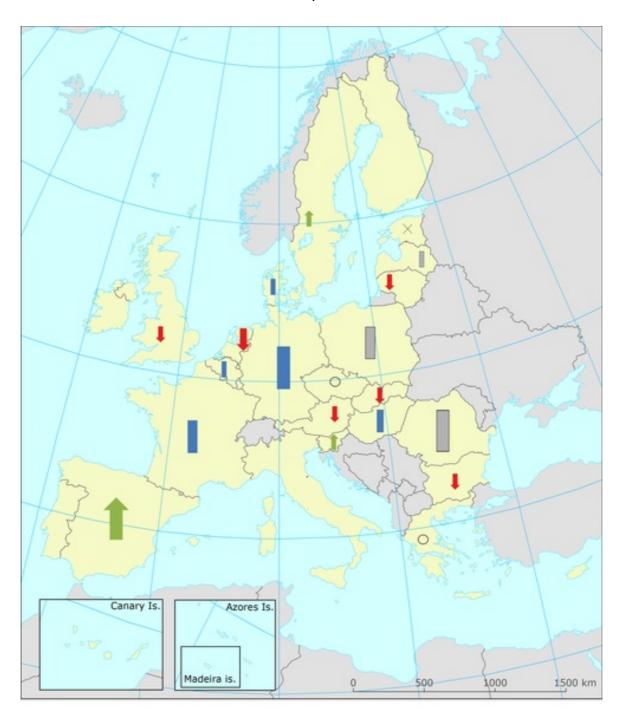
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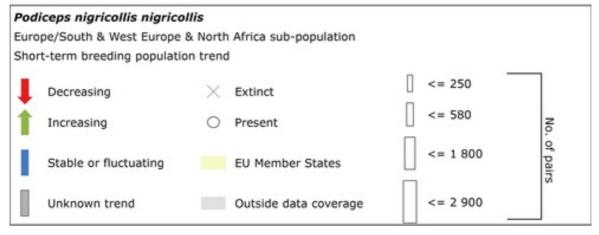
Trends at the Member State level

MS/Ter. % in		Breeding	Breeding population trend		Range	Breeding range trend		Winter - population	Winter population trend	
ws/rei.	EU27	population size	Short term	Long term	area	Short term	Long term	size	Short term	Long term
AT	0.4	5 - 13 p	-	-	400	-	-			
BE	4.3	159 - 239 p	0	+	4992	+	+			
BG	2.5	20 - 60 p	-	-	4900	-	-	550 - 1300 i	-	-
CZ										
DE	19.7	1800 - 2900 p	0	0	30725	0	0	700 - 700 i	F	+
DK	9.8	250 - 250 p	0	+	30809	+	+			
EE		0 - 0 p	х	x		X	X			
ES	14.9	1700 - 3100 p	+	+	34387	+	+	2017 - 8917 i	_	+
FR	13.4	1500 - 2000 p	0	+	31600	0	+	10633 - 10633 i	F	F
GR										
HU	11.0	300 - 1100 p	F	F	10406	F	F			
IT								7919 - 10527 i	_	F
LT	1.7	100 - 150 p	-	-	4900	0	0			
LV	0.7	20 - 30 p	X	-	857	X	-			
NL	9.5	330 - 540 p	-	+	36028	0	+	663 - 1671 i	+	+
PL		1200 - 2400 p	х	-		х	х			
PT								100 - 200 i	+	+
RO	2.7	2000 - 4000 p	X	X	81100	X	X	500 - 2000 i	0	X
SE	0.3	65 - 89 p	+	+	300	0	X			
SI	0.4	1 - 10 p	+	+	309	0	+			
SK	3.3	50 - 100 p	-	-	6199	-	-			
UK	5.4	32 - 51 p	-	+	5300	+	+			

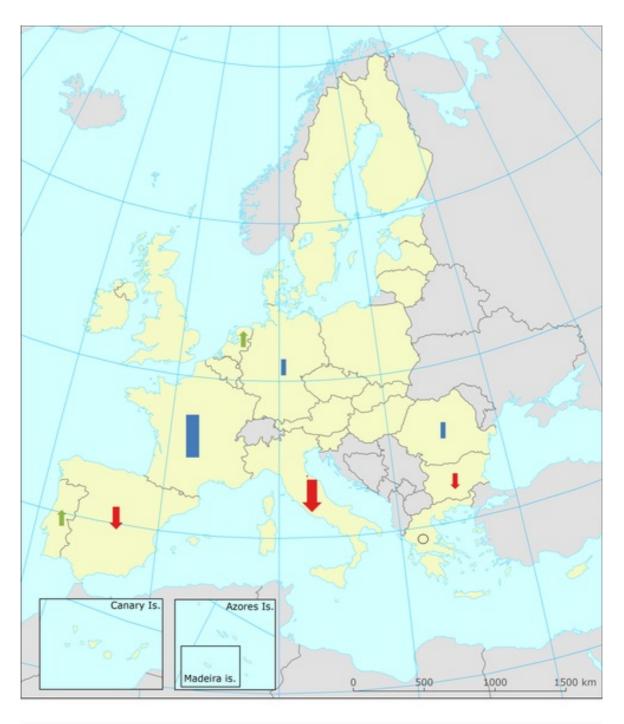
See the endnotes for more information ii

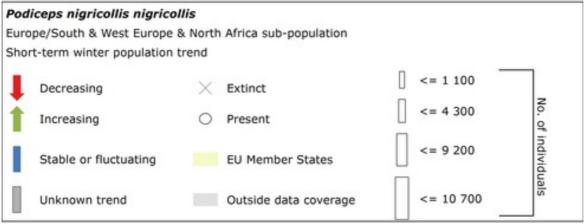
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Main pressures and threats reported by Member States

For the bird species triggering SPA classification Member States were asked to report the 20 most important pressures and threats using an agreed hierarchical list which can be found on the Article 12 Reference Portal (http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/activities/Reporting/Article_12/reference_portal). Pressures are activities which are currently having an impact on the species and threats are activities expected to have an impact in the near future. The table below only contains information from Member States, where a species triggers SPA classification. Pressures and threats were ranked in three classes 'high, medium and low importance', the table below only shows pressures and threats classed as 'high', for some species there were less than ten pressures and threats reported as highly important.

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' pressures and threats

Code	Activity	Frequency
F01	Marine and freshwater aquaculture	21
J03	Other changes to ecosystems	21
H03	Pollution to marine waters	14
J02	Changes in water bodies conditions	14
D03	Shipping lanes and ports	7
F02	Fishing and harvesting aquatic resources	7
M01	Abiotic changes (climate change)	7
M02	Biotic changes (climate change)	7

Proportion of population covered by the Natura 2000 network

For the bird species triggering SPA classification Member States were asked to report the size of a species population occurring within the Natura 2000 network. The percentage of species population covered by the network was estimated by comparing the population size within the network and the total population size.

Percentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites

	% coverage
ng NO	
ng NO	
ng YES	50
YES	64.45
ng NO	
NO	
ng NO	
ng NO	
ng YES	22.87
YES	47.56
ng YES	58.88
	ng NO ng YES YES ng NO NO ng NO ng NO ng NO ng NO ng YES YES

MS/territory	season	SPA trigger	% coverage
FR	winter	YES	45.89
HU	breeding	YES	60.05
IT	winter	YES	71.4
LT	breeding	NO	
LV	breeding	YES	Х
NL	breeding	YES	61.5
NL	winter	YES	98.84
PL	breeding	YES	73.71
PT	winter	NO	
RO	breeding	NO	
RO	winter	YES	100
SE	breeding	YES	100
SI	breeding	NO	
SK	breeding	NO	
UK	breeding	NO	

See the endnotes for more information iii

Most frequently reported conservation measures

For the bird species triggering SPA classification Member States were asked to report up to 20 conservation measures being implemented for this species using an agreed list which can be found on the Article 12 Reference Portal. Member States were further requested to highlight up to five most important ('highly important') measures; the table below only shows measures classed as 'high', for many species there were less than ten measures reported as highly important.

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' conservation measures

Code	Measure	Frequency
6.1	Establish protected areas/sites	38
6.3	Legal protection of habitats and species	29
4.2	Restoring/improving the hydrological regime	8
2.0	Other agriculture-related measures	4
3.0	Other forestry-related measures	4
4.0	Other wetland-related measures	4
4.3	Managing water abstraction	4
6.2	Establishing wilderness areas/ allowing succession	4
7.1	Regulation/ Management of hunting and taking	4

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2008-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at: http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/summary?period=1&subject=A692.

Report under the Article 12 of the Birds Directive

ⁱ Assessment of status at the European level: The EU assessments of birds population status was made by the European Red List of Birds Consortium (under contract with the European Commission)

The EU27 population trends were assessed using these categories: '+' Increasing, '0' Stable, 'F' Fluctuating, '-' Decreasing, 'xu' Uncertain and 'x' Unknown. The breeding population size is estimated in majority of the cases as 'p' number of pairs. Alternative population units used are: 'males' number of males, 'i' number of individuals, 'cmales' number of calling males and 'bfem' number of breeding females. The winter population size is estimated as number of individuals.

ⁱⁱSpecies trends at the Member State level: The percentage of the EU27 species population occurring in the Member States (% in EU27) is calculated based on the population size reported by the Member States.

iiiPercentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites: In some cases the population size within the Natura 2000 network has been estimated using a different methodology to the estimate of overall population size and this can lead to percentage covers greater than 100%. In such case the value has been given as 100% and highlighted with an asterisk (*). The value 'x' indicates that the Member State has not reported the species population and/or the coverage by Natura 2000. No information is available for Greece and for non-Annex I species in the Czech Republic.