Integrated water management in the context of climate change Sustainably managing biodiversity, pollution, and water resources

Caroline Whalley – Trine Christiansen – Celine Bout - Francesco Mundo - Nihat Zal | EEA-Eionet day, 1 March 2023





## Where we are in the EEA-Eionet Strategy

# **EEA-Eionet Strategy 2021-2030**







Integrated water assessment - sustainably managing biodiversity, pollution, and water resources in a changing climate – an EEA assessment in 2024

Productionconsumption systems

Climate change

Food and Energy production

Urban environment

Industry and mining

Mobility and trade

### Key water challenges

Why are they important, what are the EU objectives, and how far are we from reaching them?

Protecting and restoring ecosystems

Achieving a zeropollution
ambition

Adapting to water scarcity, droughts and flood risks

Pathways towards a sustainable future

Prospects and outlooks





# Global context: unprecedented challenges, improved knowledge

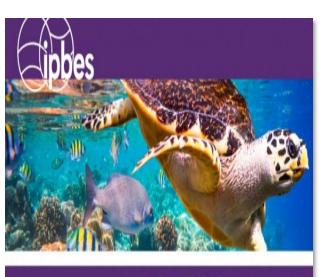
1. IPCC: climate change

2. IPBES: biodiversity loss and ecosystem services

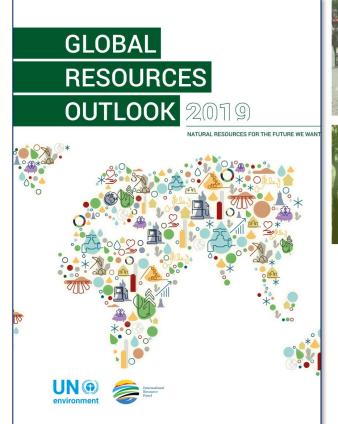
3. IRP: unsustainable resource use

4. WHO: environment and **health** 





The Global Assessment Report on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services





#### PREVENTING DISEASE THROUGH HEALTHY ENVIRONMENTS

A global assessment of the burden of disease from environmental risks

A Prüss-Ustün, J Wolf, C Corvalán, R Bos and M Neira







# Global context: unprecedented challenges, improved knowledge

1. IPCC: climate

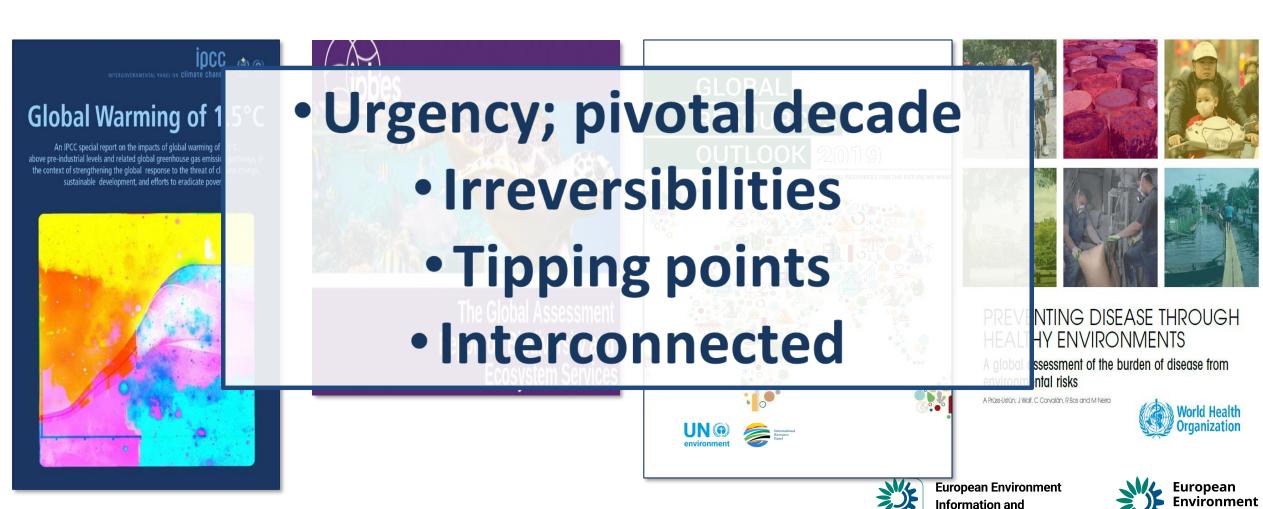
change

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Observation Network



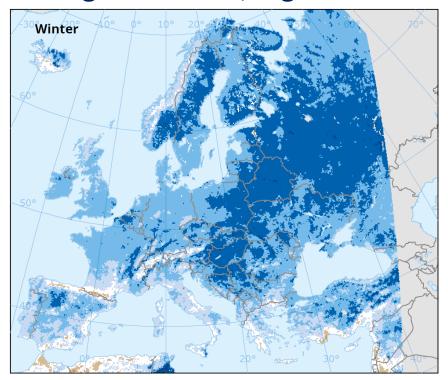
• An (un)exceptional summer in Europe – hydroclimatic extremes!

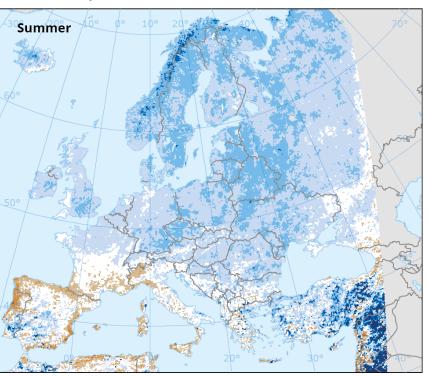


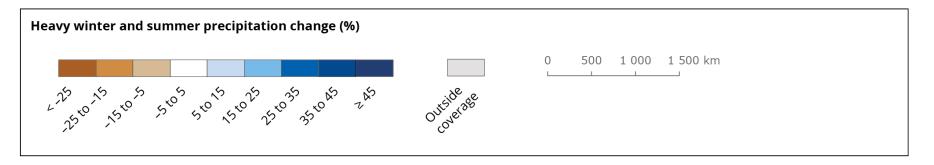


# More flooding and droughts

# Winter and summer heavy rain (projected change for 2080s, high emissions scenario)

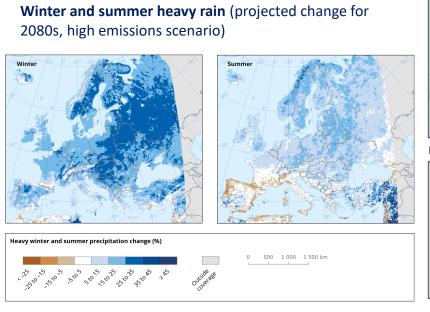


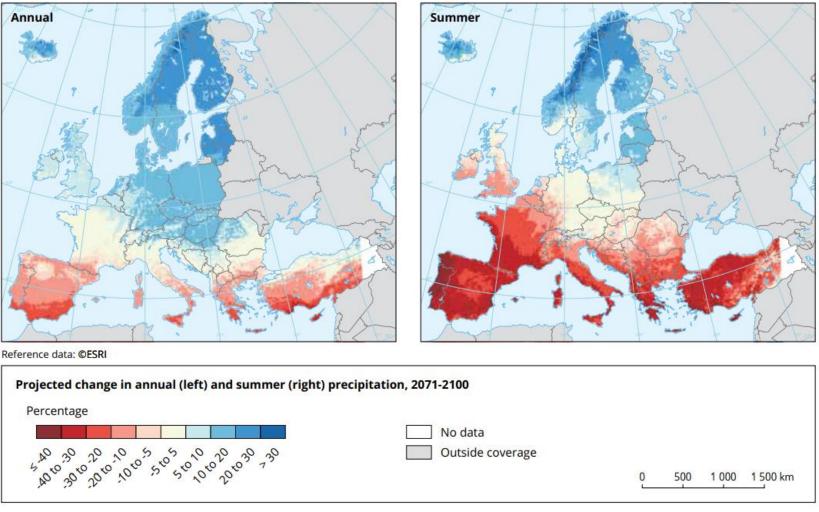




# More flooding and droughts

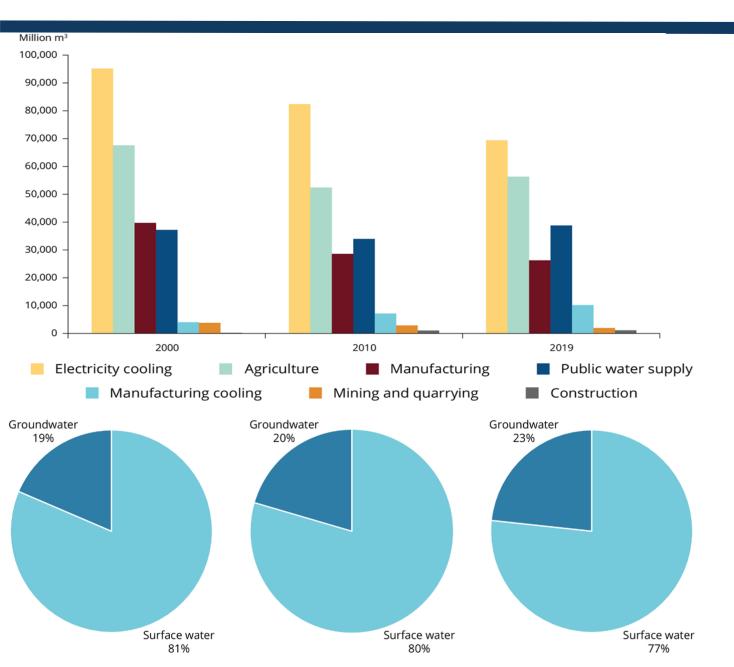
# Annual and summer rain (projected change for the period 2071-2100)





Source: EEA (2017d).

# Water abstraction by source and sector (2000, 2010, 2019)



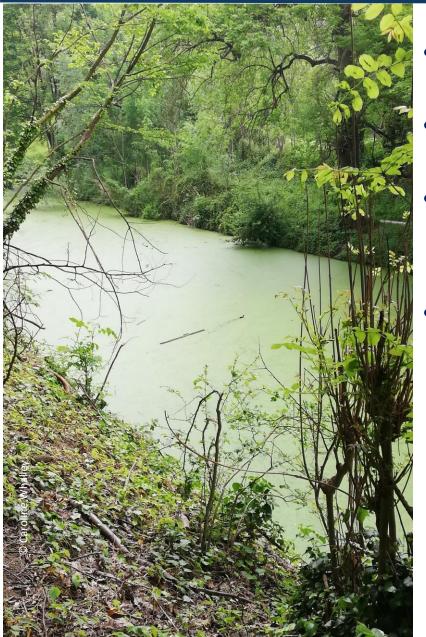
 Total volume of water abstracted from surface water and groundwater declined by 15% in EU-27.

 Share of water abstraction from groundwater resources increased from 19% to 23% of total water withdrawals





# Poor water quality contributes to water scarcity

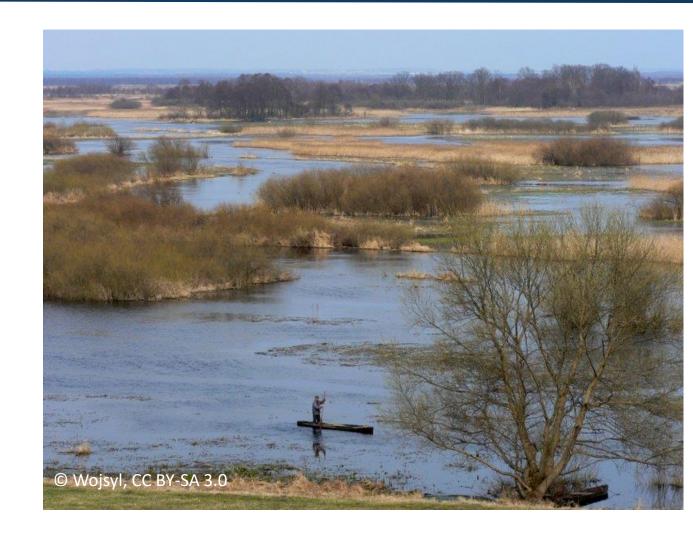


- Reduces water availability for drinking, irrigation or cooling.
- Increases water demand from groundwater resources
- Increases demand for water treatment which in turn increases cost of clean water
- Causes degradation of ecosystems, potentially already threatened by water scarcity.



### Ecosystems are at risk - restoration is needed

- As competition for water resources increases, less water could become available for aquatic ecosystems and wetlands.
- These are already among the most threatened in Europe.
- Achieving both Water Framework
   Directive and Restoration objectives
   requires that adequate and sufficient
   quantity and quality of water is
   available to ecosystems

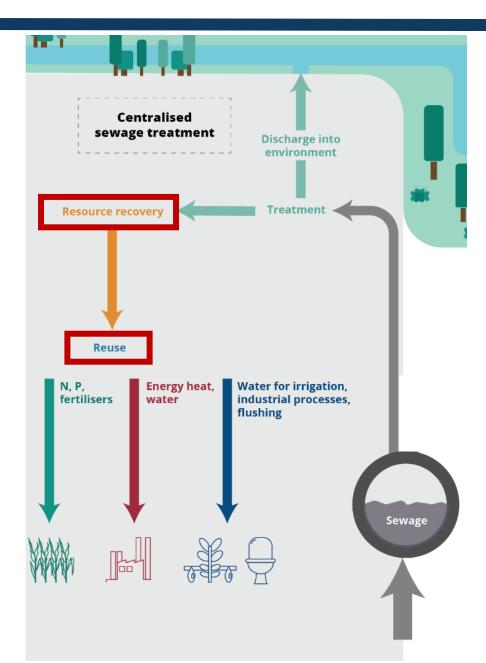






### From "Waste water treatment plant" to "Resource Hub"

- UWWT plants should act as "resource hubs" for resource recovery: offering e.g. water reuse, nutrient recovery, energy generation.
- First step is to become more waterefficient. This reduces total amount of water required to be abstracted, pumped and treated.



### **Solutions**

#### Increased focus is needed to:

- Conserve and improve natural water retention
- Secure environmental flows
- Improve water use efficiency and reduce water demand of agriculture and energy sectors
- Save water in households
- Implement cost recovery principles







## Summary



- Climate change will:
  - affect seasonal water availability,
  - > change frequency, intensity and duration of droughts and floods
- Water availability is a local issue; in many cases drivers are regional,
   European and/or global
- Water resource demand is likely to increase pressure on the aquatic environment and ecosystems
- Strengthened resilience requires improved resource efficiency
- Transition requires action from many outside the water sector citizens, town planners, industry, legislators





Thank you for your attention!

Questions for clarification?

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## Water and climate change survey

Survey of your impression of climate change impacts in your country

- Aim is to help identify topics to explore further, after the workshop, in context of forthcoming EEA integrated water assessment
- Use your mobile phone or computer to answer the survey
- Scan the QR code / type in the website

Survey available here:

https://forms.office.com/e/0dQcr4wdaL





