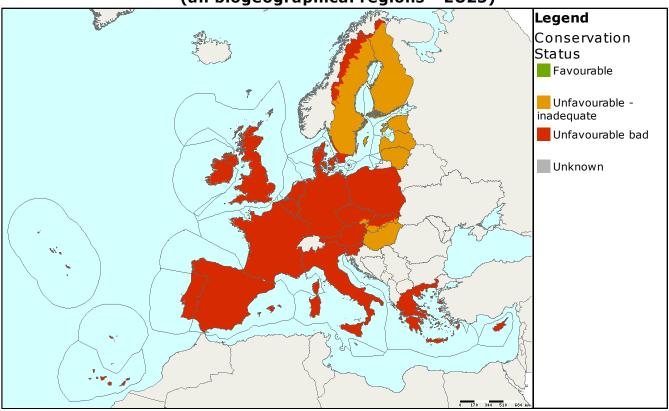
Habitats Directive Article 17 Reporting



Habitat code: 7110 Habitat group: bogs, mires & fens

Habitat name: Active raised bogs Regions: ALP ATL BOR CON MAC MED PAN

Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



MS	Biogeographic Region	Conservation status assessment						Trond
		Range	Area	Structure & function	Future prospects	Overall	Km ²	Trend in area
EU25	ALP						82	_
EU25	ATL						>226	Х
EU25	BOR						6784	-
EU25	CON						177	-
EU25	MAC						68	-
EU25	MED						>9	
EU25	PAN						0.003	=

Raised bogs are formed by bog mosses (*Sphagnum* species) and are dependent on rainfall for their nutrients. They often form a dome with an internal water table higher than the surrounding water table. The habitat is widely distributed across northern Europe, particularly in the Atlantic, Boreal and Continental regions. The distribution in Spain is wider than shown by the map while the sites in Hungary are fragmentary and not typical of this habitat. Active raised bogs are those which are peat forming, disturbed bogs which are no longer active are the non-priority habitat type '7120 Degraded raised bogs capable of natural regeneration'.

Assessed as 'unfavourable-bad' in the Alpine, Atlantic, Continental, Macaronesian and Mediterranean regions. Within these regions only Germany and Italy (both for the Alpine

region) have reported this habitat as 'favourable' although Spain reported Alpine, Atlantic and Mediterranean regions as 'unknown'. The United Kingdom (Atlantic) reports the habitat as 'improving' while Sweden (Continental') notes 'deteriorating.

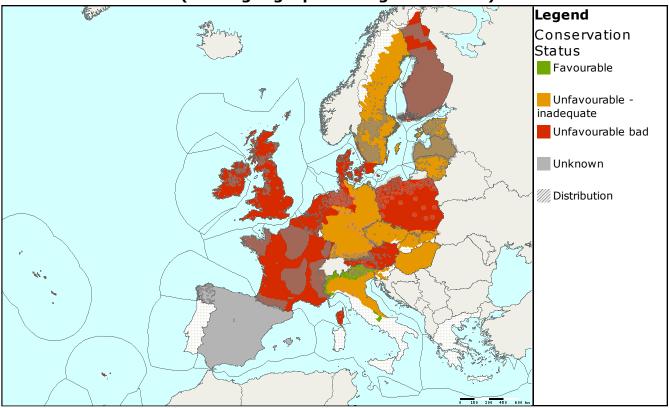
'Unfavourable-inadequate' for the Boreal and Pannonic regions with Estonia noting that the conservation status is deteriorating.

A variety of threats and pressures have been reported but many countries mention drainage, peat extraction and pollution/eutrophication.

Better information required, particularly from Spain.

Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states





MS	Biogeographic Region	С	onser	vation status		Trond	Data		
		Range	Area	Structure & function	Future prospects	Overall	Km ²	Trend in area	Data quality
AT	ALP						25	Х	2
DE	ALP						6	=	2
ES	ALP						N/A	X	
FR	ALP						41	-	2
IT	ALP						4	=	2
PL	ALP						4.5	-	1
SI	ALP						0.6	=	1
SK	ALP						1.26		2
BE	ATL						0.017	=	1
DE	ATL						8.42	X	3
DK	ATL						0.4	-	2
ES	ATL						N/A	-	
FR	ATL						68	-	2
ΙE	ATL						19.45	-	1
NL	ATL						0.1	-	1
UK	ATL						129.41	X	2
EE	BOR						1580	-	2

MS	Biogeographic Region	С	onser	vation status		Trend	Data		
		Range	Are a	Structure & function	Future prospects	Overall	Km ²	in area	Data quality
FI	BOR						1500	-	3
LT	BOR						178	_	2
LV	BOR						1650	=	2
SE	BOR						1876	=	1
AT	CON						7	=	2
CZ	CON						8.48	=	1
DE	CON						47.95	=	2
DK	CON						30	-	2
FR	CON						59	-	2
IT	CON						1	=	2
PL	CON						15	-	2
SE	CON						9	=	1
ВЕ	CON						2	=	2
РТ	MAC						67.78	_	1
ES	MED						N/A	N/A	
FR	MED						9	-	2
ΗU	PAN						0.003	=	1

Data quality is based on as assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17