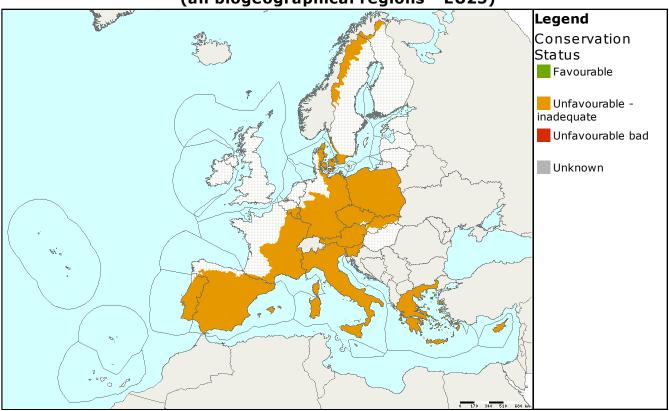
Habitats Directive Article 17 Reporting

Habitat code: 9530 Habitat group: forests
Habitat name: Regions: ALP CON MED

(Sub-)Mediterranean pine forest with endemic black pines

Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)

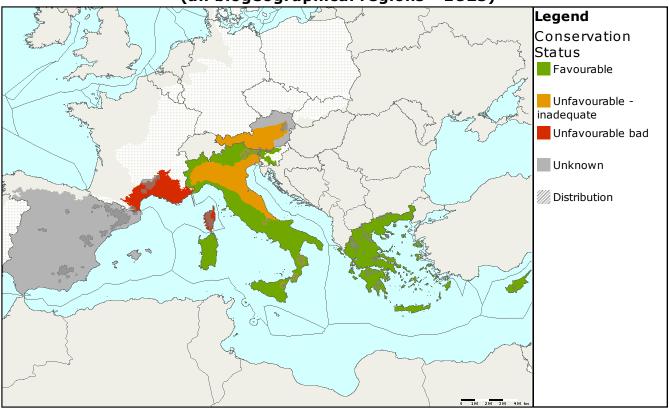


MS	Biogeographic Region	Conservation status assessment						Trand
		Range	Area	Structure &	Future	Overall	Km ²	Trend in area
				function	prospects	Overan		
EU25	ALP						114	
EU25	CON						1.1	
EU25	MED						4318	

Montane Mediterranean forests dominated by black pines of the *Pinus nigra* group. They are mostly found mainly on the dolomitic substrates of the mountain ranges of Mediterranean Europe and adjacent areas.

The conservation status in all Alpine, Continental and Mediterranean regions is 'unfavourable-inadequate'. The occurrence in the Continental region is rather marginal. In the Alpine and the Mediterranean region most of the Member State assessments are favourable. The unfavourable assessment in the Alpine region is a consequence of the future prospects in Austria and in the Mediterranean region the status of the habitat in France where the habitat area has declined in recent decades and actual habitat and range area are lower than favourable.

Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



MS	Biogeographic Region	С	onser	vation status		Trend	Data		
		Range	Area	Structure & function	Future prospects	Overall	Km ²	in area	quality
AT	ALP						27	X	2
ES	ALP						26.31	=	1
IT	ALP						53	=	2
SI	ALP						8	=	2
AT	CON						0.1	X	2
IT	CON						1	=	2
CY	MED						69	=	1
EL	MED						3020	+	1
ES	MED						1008.5	N/A	1
FR	MED						157	=	2
IT	MED						63	=	2

Data quality is based on as assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17