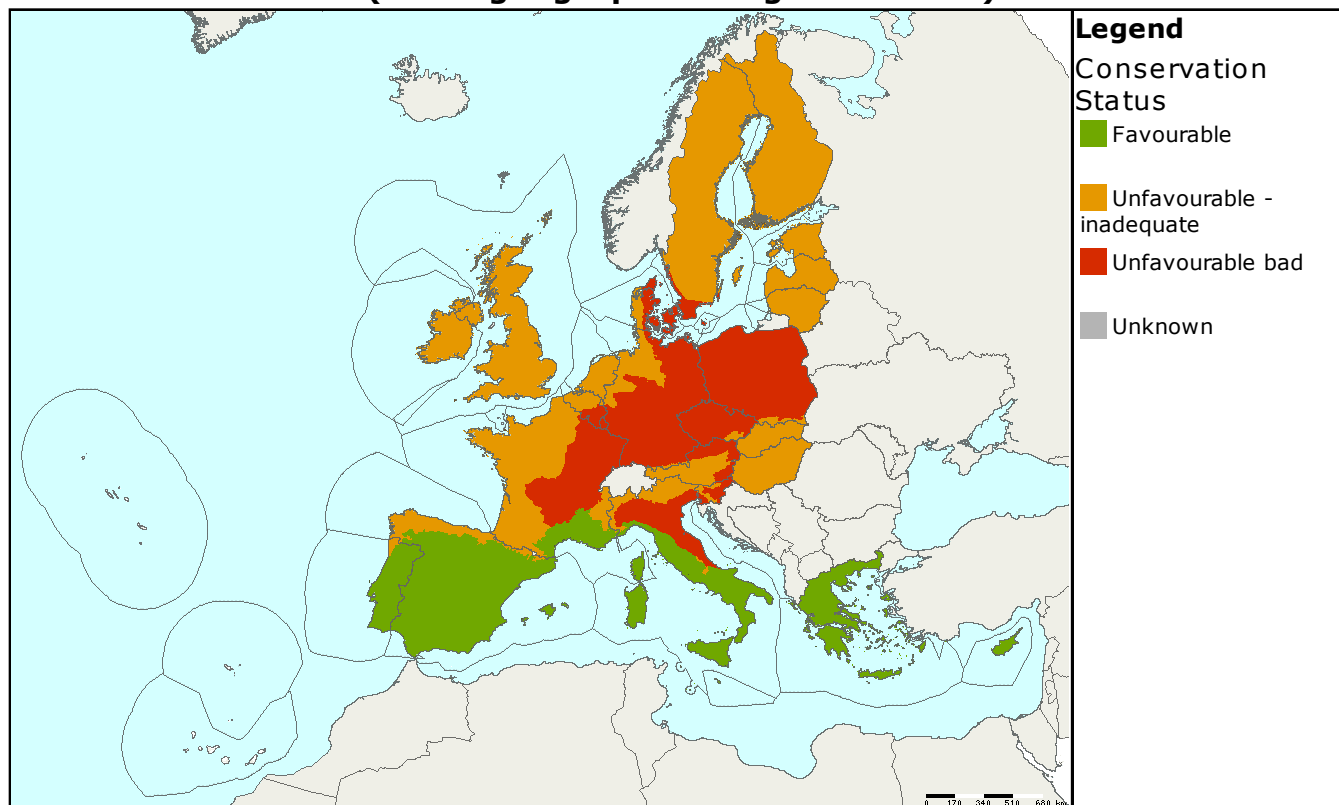


Species name: **Bufo viridis**
Annex: **IV**

Species group: **Amphibians & Reptiles**
Regions: **ALP ATL BOR CON MED PAN**

Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Population size & unit	Population Trend
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall		
EU25	ALP	Green	Orange	Orange	Green	Orange	646 grids	
EU25	ATL	Orange	Orange	Orange	Orange	Orange		-
EU25	BOR	Green	Orange	Green	Green	Orange	678 grids	
EU25	CON	Orange	Red	Grey	Orange	Red	3303 grids	
EU25	MED	Green	Green	Grey	Green	Green	2227 grids	
EU25	PAN	Orange	Orange	Orange	Green	Orange	614 grids	-

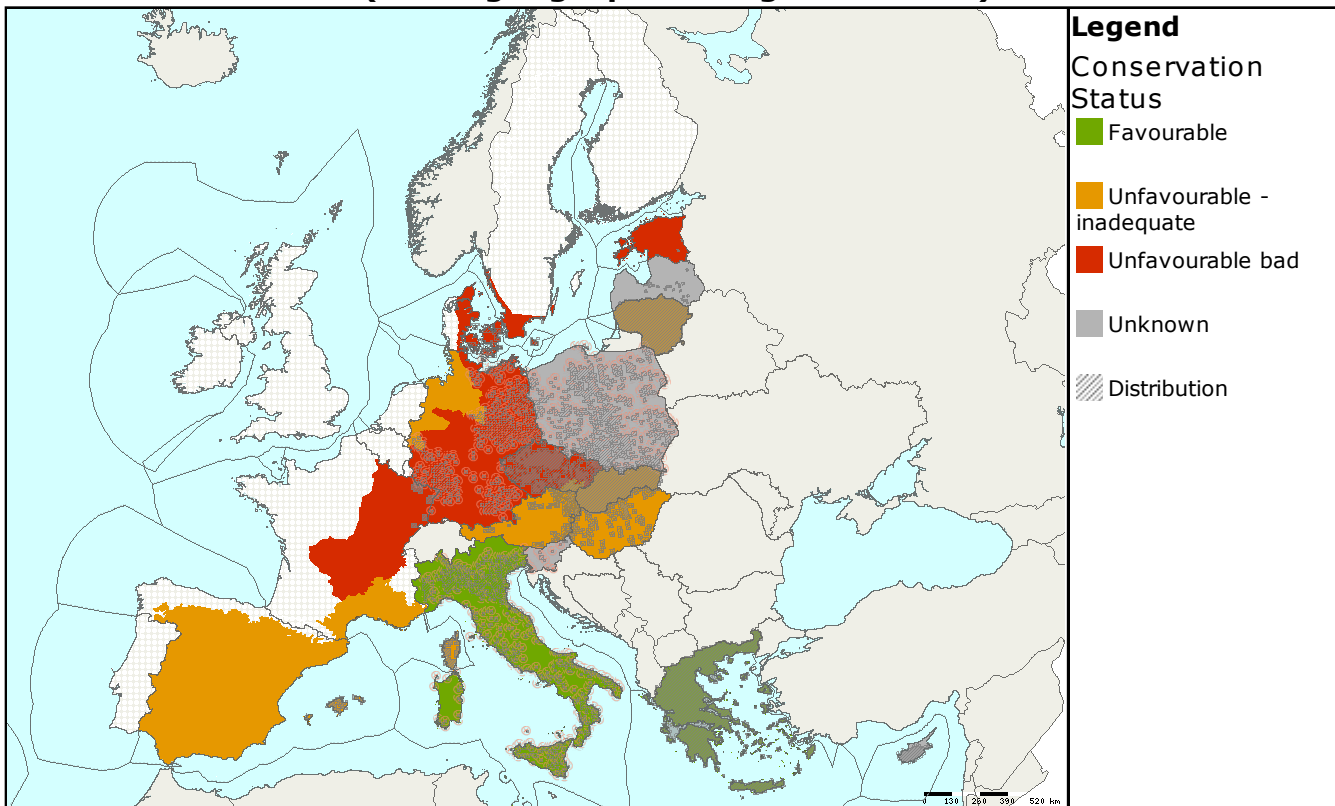
This green toad is distributed in much of Europe including the southern tip of Sweden, the British Isles, the Iberian Peninsula and almost all of Europe west of the Rhine River. It is extinct in Switzerland despite re-introduction efforts. It is one of the most adaptable amphibians, living in forests, forest steppe, steppe, dry grasslands, alpine areas, semi-deserts and deserts.

Its overall conservation status is ‘unfavourable-inadequate’ in Alpine, Atlantic, Boreal and Pannonian regions, but for the Atlantic region the species record is only reported by Denmark. In Continental region its status is considered ‘unfavourable-bad’. The overall assessment is considered ‘favourable’ in the Mediterranean region.

The species is listed as ‘Least Concern’ by IUCN in view of its wide distribution and tolerance of broad

range of habitats. It is protected by national legislation in many countries. The main threat appears to be the loss of breeding habitats through wetland drainage, desiccation and aquatic pollution.

**Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states
(all biogeographical regions - EU25)**



MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Size&unit	Population trend	Data quality
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall			
AT	ALP						300 - 3000 indiv.	-	3
DE	ALP						3 - (3) x	X	1
IT	ALP						34 - 45 grids	=	2
PL	ALP						(55) - 55 grids	X	3
SI	ALP						N/A x	-	3
SK	ALP						240 - 280 x	X	2
DE	ATL						68 - (68) x	-	1
EE	BOR						2 - 10 indiv.	-	1
LT	BOR						74 - 103 loc.	=	3
LV	BOR						42 - 42 loc.	X	3
AT	CON						6000 - 60000 indiv.	-	3
CZ	CON						323 - 323 grids	+	2
DE	CON						1248 - (1248) x	-	3
DK	CON						10000 - 10000 indiv.	-	2
FR	CON						60 - 60 loc.	-	1
IT	CON						375 - 411 grids	=	2
PL	CON						(994) - 994 grids	X	3
SE	CON						500 - 900 x	-	1
SI	CON						N/A x	-	3
CY	MED						N/A x	X	3
EL	MED						1549 - 1549 grids	=	3
ES	MED						34 - (34) loc.	N/A	
FR	MED						74 - 74 loc.	=	2

MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Size&unit	Population trend	Data quality
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall			
IT	MED						299 - 395 grids	=	2
CZ	PAN						33 - 33 grids	=	2
HU	PAN						193 - 193 loc.	-	3
SK	PAN						100 - 122 x	=	2

Data quality is based on as assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at

<http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17>