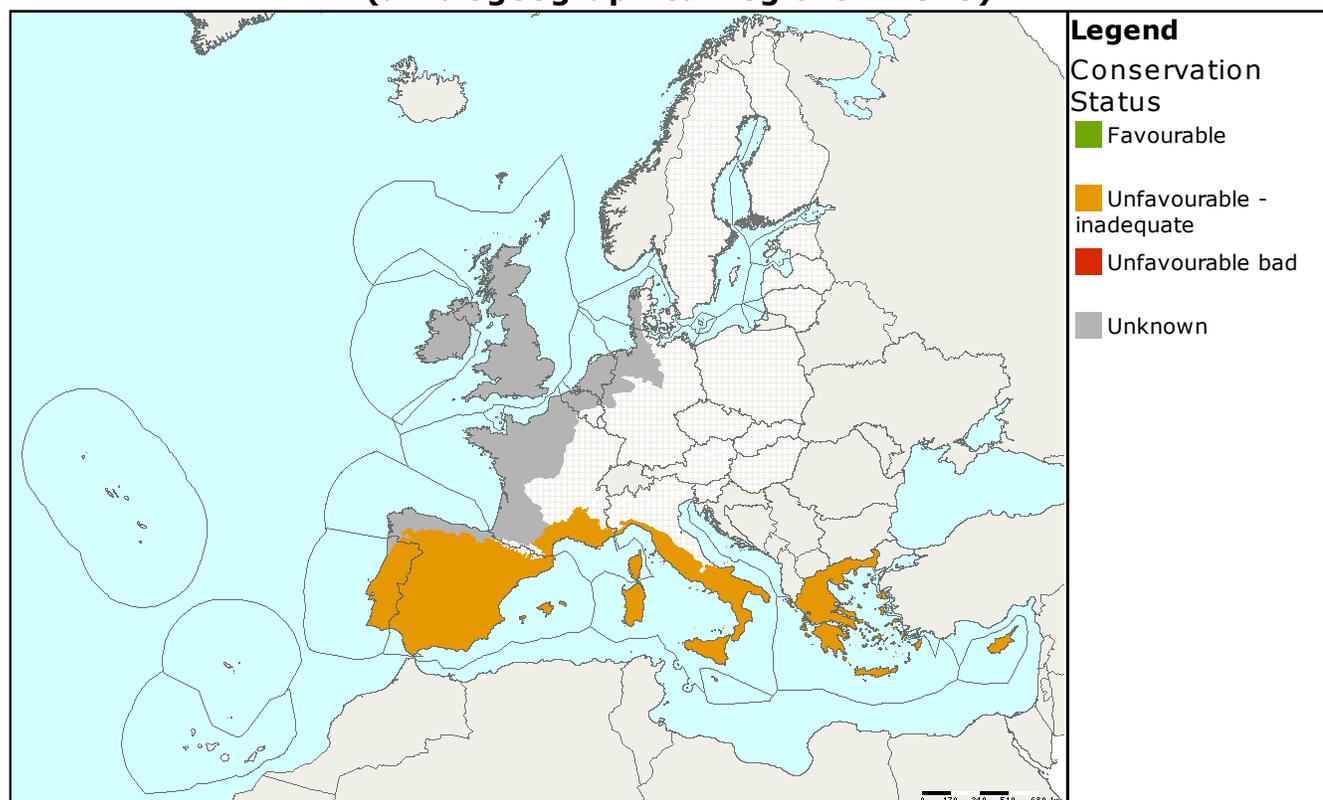


Species name: **Chioglossa lusitanica**
Annex: **II, IV**

Species group: **Amphibians & Reptiles**
Regions: **ATL MED**

Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



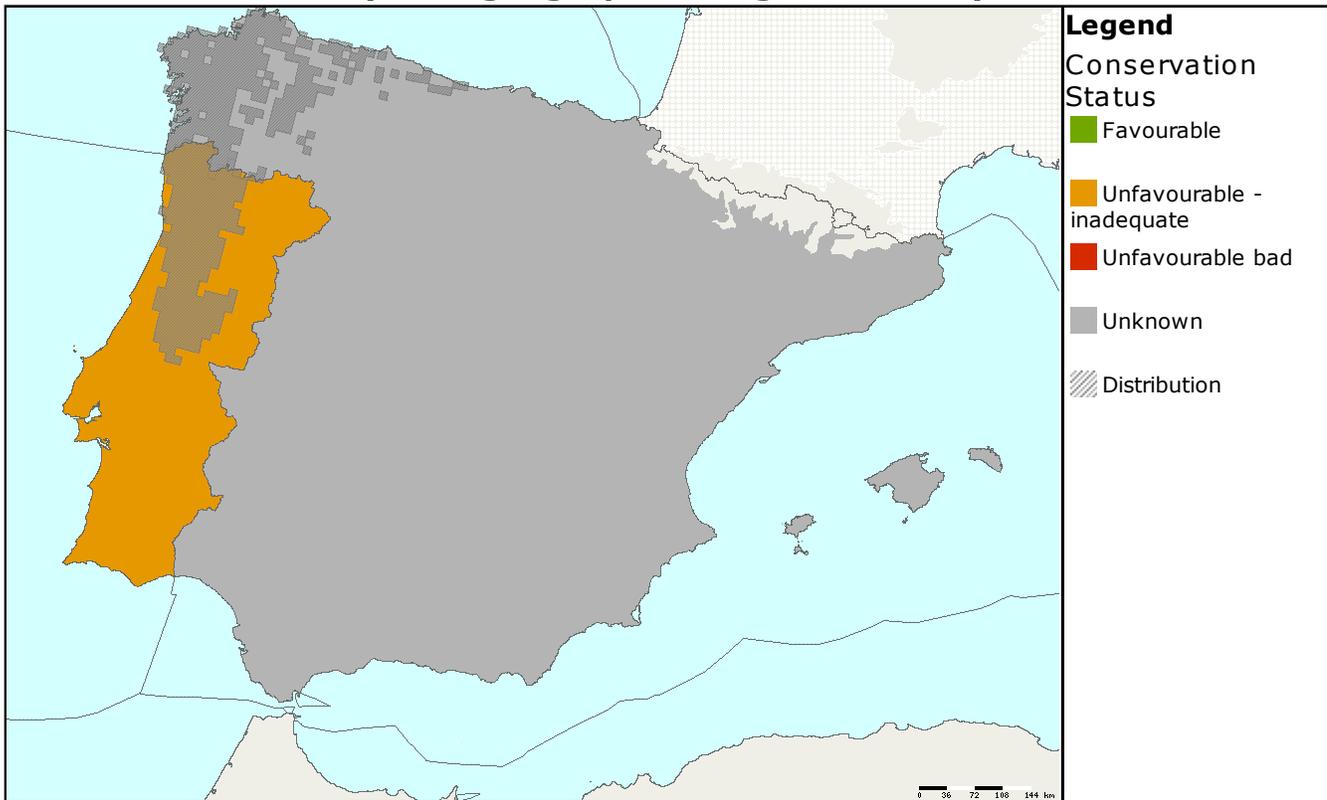
MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Population size & unit	Population Trend
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall		
EU25	ATL						300 grids	
EU25	MED						200 grids	

The Gold-striped salamander is a species endemic to the north-western part of the Iberian Peninsula. It can be found in a neighbourhood of streams and springs mostly in deciduous forests in mountainous regions. It reproduces in small water bodies with cold, well-oxygenated and clean water.

The conservation status in the Atlantic biogeographical region is 'unknown' and 'unfavourable inadequate' in the Mediterranean biogeographical region. The 'unfavourable inadequate' assessment is linked to the decrease in the area of habitat and its deterioration mainly as a result of water pollution, extraction of water for irrigation, regulation of water courses and other human activities. These activities represent a threat to the habitat as well in the Atlantic biogeographical region. The species is listed in the national red

lists in the category 'vulnerable' in both countries.

Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Size&unit	Population trend	Data quality
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall			
ES	ATL						218 - 250 loc.	=	1
PT	ATL						10000 - (10000) indiv.	X	2
ES	MED						16 - 29 loc.	=	1
PT	MED						10000 - (10000) indiv.	X	2

Data quality is based on as assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at

<http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17>