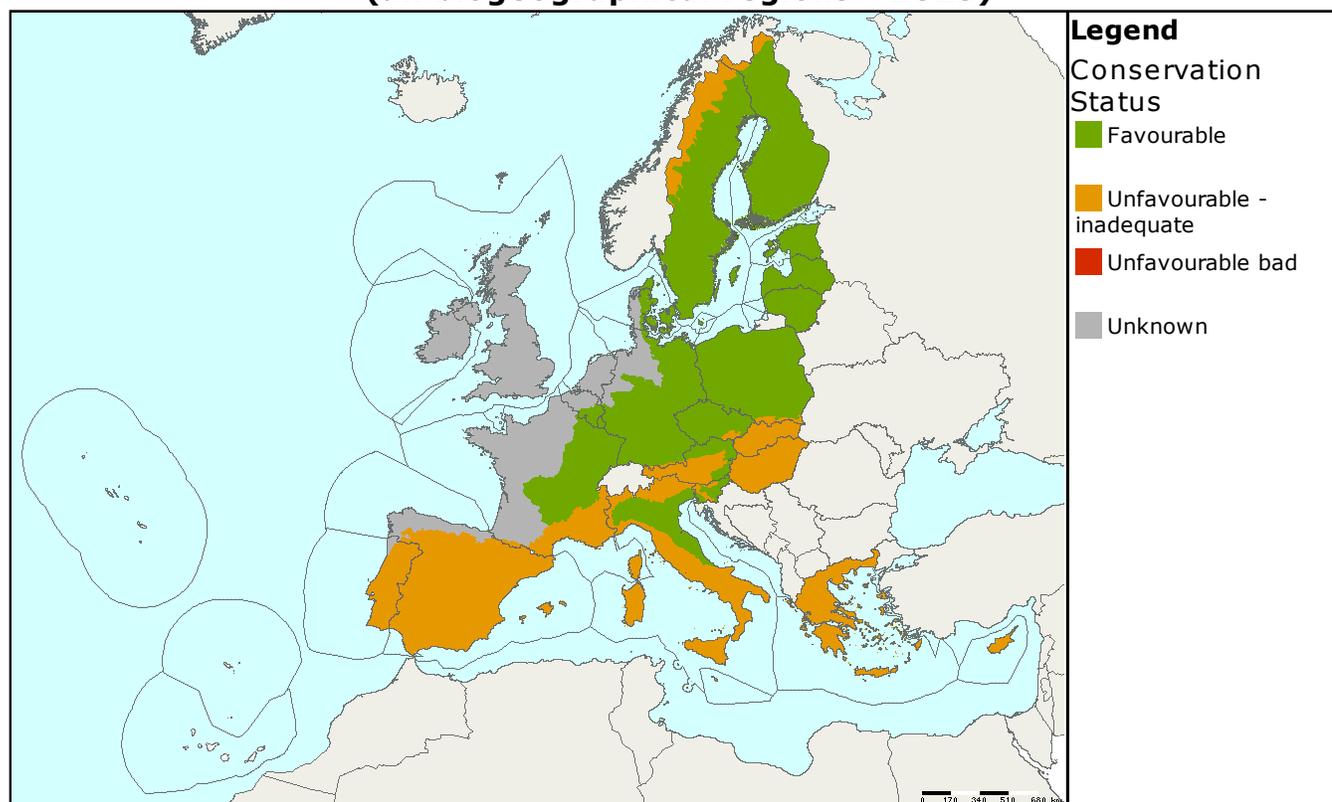


Species name: **Cottus gobio**
Annex: **II**

Species group: **Fish**
Regions: **ALP ATL BOR CON MED PAN**

Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Population size & unit	Population Trend
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall		
EU25	ALP	Green	Orange	Grey	Orange	Orange	909 grids	
EU25	MED	Green	Green	Grey	Orange	Orange	93 grids	=
EU25	PAN	Green	Orange	Grey	Grey	Orange	59 grids	X
EU25	BOR	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	1804 grids	=
EU25	ATL	Green	Grey	Grey	Grey	Grey	2144 grids	
EU25	CON	Green	Green	Grey	Green	Green	3695 grids	=

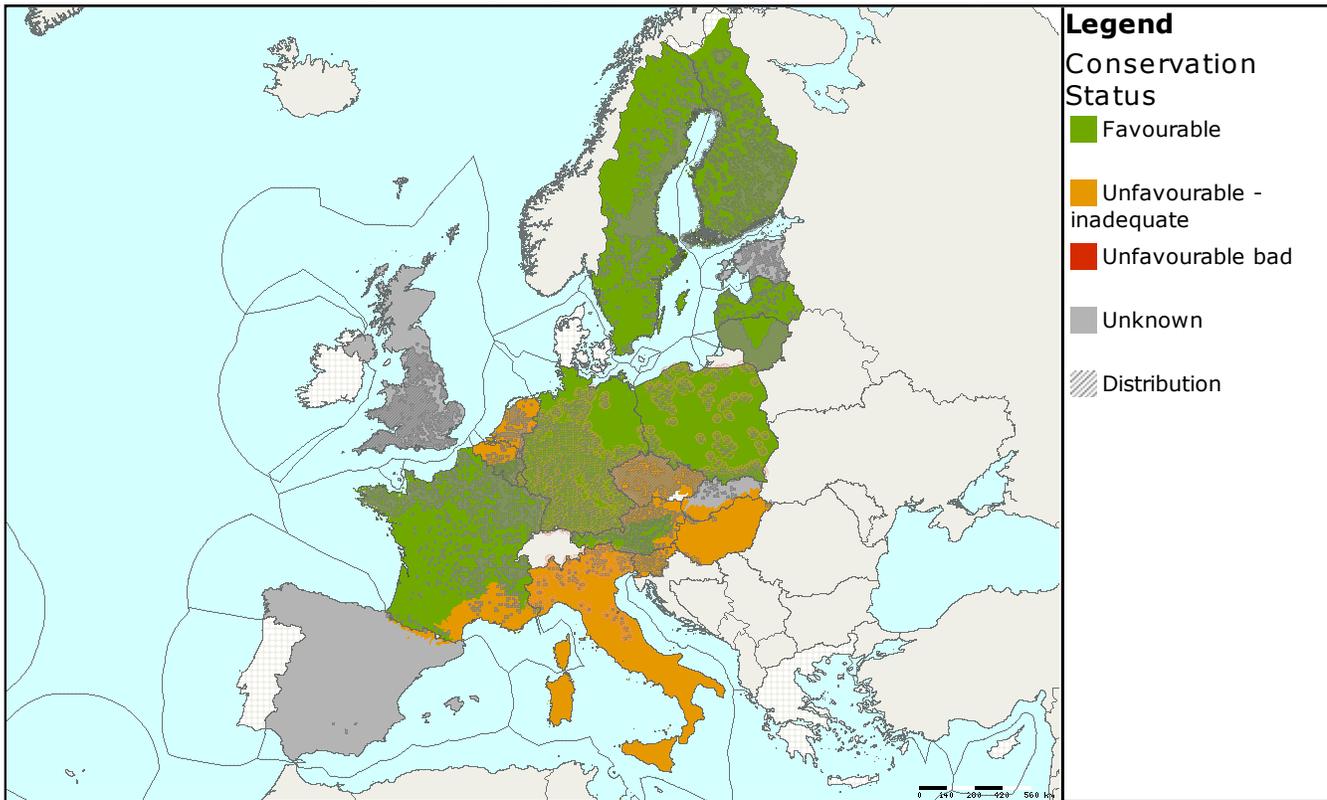
The bullhead is a freshwater fish distributed across six biogeographical regions in Europe. It lives in cold, clear and fast-flowing water of small stream to medium-sized rivers, on gravel or rocky shores of cold lakes and in slightly brackish waters along eastern Baltic coast.

In Alpine region it is widely distributed but six member-states reported one or more parameters as unknown and better knowledge required. It is assessed as 'unfavourable-inadequate' but considered 'favourable' in several countries. For Atlantic region it is also widely distributed. It is assessed as 'unknown' since one or more parameters is unknown in several countries and Spain and United Kingdom reported unknown overall. However it is reported as 'favourable' in Germany and France and improving in Belgium. For Boreal and Continental regions assessments are 'favourable' with more impacts reported towards the south. For the Pannonian and Mediterranean

regions species is rare and poorly known but assessed as 'unfavourable-inadequate' due to increased human impact.

IUCN status for the species is 'least concern'.

**Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states
(all biogeographical regions - EU25)**



MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Size&unit	Population trend	Data quality
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall			
AT	ALP						1000000 - 10000000 x	-	2
DE	ALP						70 - (70) x	X	2
ES	ALP						200 - (200) x	X	3
FR	ALP						63 - 78.1 loc.	=	1
IT	ALP						143 - 143 grids	-	2
PL	ALP						73 - (73) grids	-	3
SE	ALP						15 - 50 loc.	=	2
SI	ALP						68 - (68) grids	X	2
SK	ALP						12 - 22 x	X	3
BE	ATL						34 - 34 grids	+	1
DE	ATL						274 - (274) x	+	1
ES	ATL						4 - 4 loc.	X	3
FR	ATL						70 - 79.2 loc.	=	1
NL	ATL						143 - 143 grids	X	2
UK	ATL						997 - 997 x	X	3
EE	BOR						224 - 224 grids	=	3
LT	BOR						40560 - 47103 area	=	2
LV	BOR						92 - 540 loc.	=	2
SE	BOR						1500 - 3000 loc.	=	2
FI	BOR						500 - (500) loc.	=	2
AT	CON						1000000 - 10000000 x	-	2
BE	CON						(6450) - 6450 area	=	3

MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Size&unit	Population trend	Data quality
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall			
CZ	CON						408 - 408 x	=	2
DE	CON						2022 - (2022) x	+	1
FR	CON						86.4 - 90 loc.	+	1
IT	CON						63 - 63 grids	-	2
LU	CON						234 - (234) loc.	=	1
PL	CON						197 - (197) grids	X	3
SE	CON						12 - 12 loc.	=	1
SI	CON						79 - (79) grids	X	2
ES	MED						4 - 4 loc.	=	1
FR	MED						88.9 - 90.7 loc.	=	1
IT	MED						4 - 4 grids	-	2
HU	PAN						20 - 30 loc.	X	2
SK	PAN						2 - 3 x	X	3

Data quality is based on as assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at <http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17>