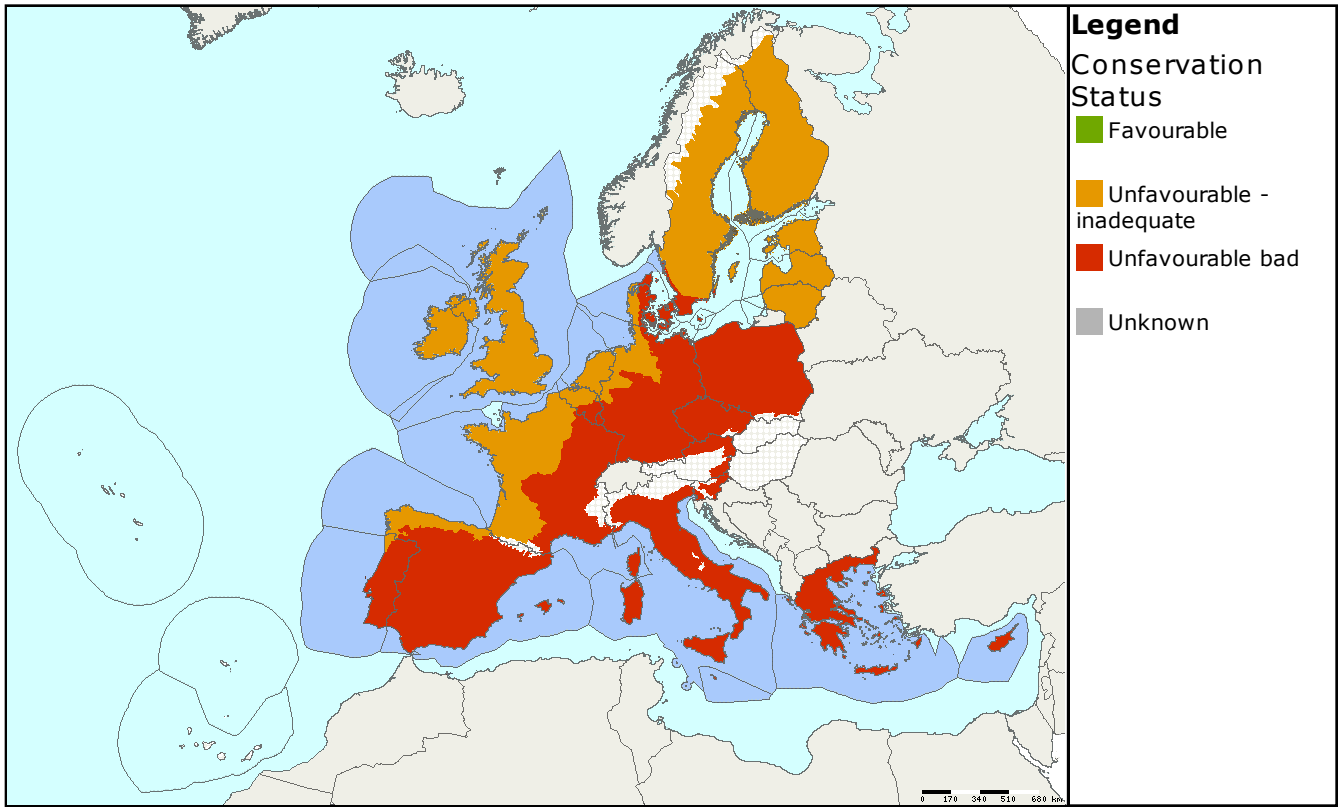
Species name: **Lampetra fluviatilis**
Annex: **II, V**

Species group: **Fish**
Regions: **ATL BOR CON MATL MED MMED**

## Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



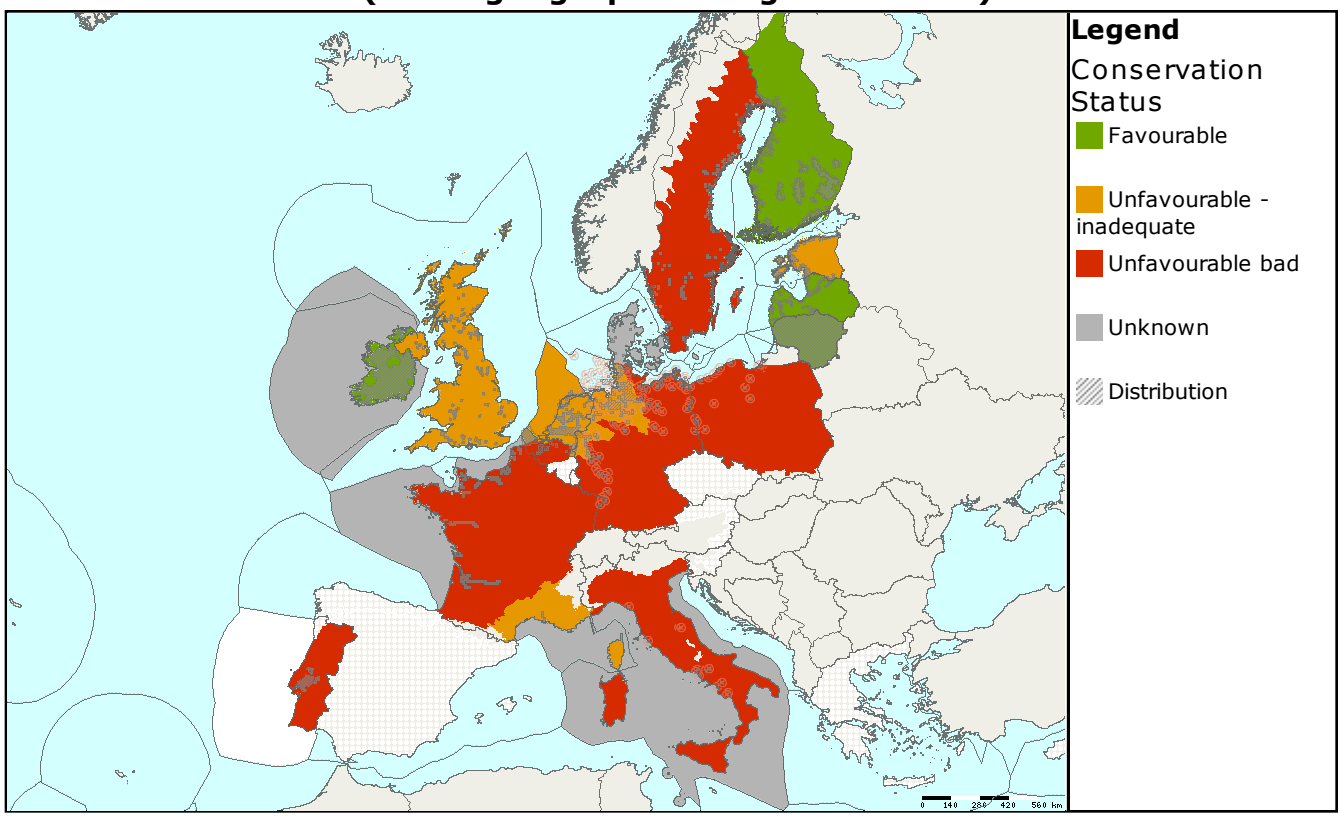

| MS | Region | Conservation status assessment | | | | | Population size & unit | Population Trend |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Range | Population | Habitat | Future prospects | Overall | | |
| EU25 | CON | | | | | | 192 grids | |
| EU25 | MED | | | | | | 63 grids | |
| EU25 | ATL | | | | | | 1090 grids | |
| EU25 | BOR | | | | | | | + |
| EU25 | MATL | | | | | | | |
| EU25 | MMED | | | | | | | |

The European river lamprey is a demersal and anadromous species found in a wide range of riverine and coastal habitats of the Baltic Sea and Atlantic countries while in the Mediterranean region it is found along the French and western Italian coasts. Spain did not report on this species which is believed to be possibly extinct due to the building of the Cedillo dam (Caceres)in the 1970's.

The conservation status is considered 'unfavourable-inadequate' in the Atlantic, Boreal and Mediterranean regions. Very few countries provided data and reported on the species' conservation status in the marine environment. The assessment for the marine Atlantic and Mediterranean regions was therefore not possible. The species is assessed as 'least concern' in the IUCN Red List of threatened species because despite its rarity in some areas, populations have markedly recovered following the resolution of specific

pollution threats in central and western Europe.

**Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states (all biogeographical regions - EU25)**




| MS | Region | Conservation status assessment | | | | | Size&unit | Population trend | Data quality |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Range | Population | Habitat | Future prospects | Overall | | | |
| BE | ATL | | | | | | 23 - 23 grids | + | 2 |
| DE | ATL | | | | | | 207 - (207) x | + | 2 |
| DK | ATL | | | | | | N/A x | X | 3 |
| FR | ATL | | | | | | 55000 - 150000 indiv. | = | 3 |
| IE | ATL | | | | | | 462 - 462 grids | = | 2 |
| NL | ATL | | | | | | 20000 - 100000 indiv. | = | 2 |
| UK | ATL | | | | | | N/A x | X | 3 |
| EE | BOR | | | | | | 20 - 20 area | = | 2 |
| FI | BOR | | | | | | 1800000 - 5000000 indiv. | = | 1 |
| LT | BOR | | | | | | 100000 - 160000 indiv. | = | 2 |
| LV | BOR | | | | | | 50 - 100 loc. | = | 1 |
| SE | BOR | | | | | | 100 - 200 x | + | 2 |
| DE | CON | | | | | | 141 - (141) x | + | 2 |
| DK | CON | | | | | | N/A x | X | 3 |
| FR | CON | | | | | | N/A indiv. | = | 1 |
| IT | CON | | | | | | 2 - 2 loc. | - | 2 |
| PL | CON | | | | | | 18 - (18) grids | X | 3 |
| SE | CON | | | | | | 15 - 25 x | = | 1 |
| BE | MATL | | | | | | N/A indiv. | + | 1 |
| FR | MATL | | | | | | N/A indiv. | N/A | 3 |
| IE | MATL | | | | | | N/A x | N/A | 3 |
| NL | MATL | | | | | | 20000 - 100000 indiv. | = | 2 |
| PT | MATL | | | | | | N/A x | N/A | |
| FR | MED | | | | | | N/A loc. | N/A | 3 |

| MS | Region | Conservation status assessment | | | | | Size&unit | Population trend | Data quality |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Range | Population | Habitat | Future prospects | Overall | | | |
| IT | MED | | | | | | 11 - 11 grids | - | 2 |
| PT | MED | | | | | | 10000 - (10000) indiv. | - | 3 |
| FR | MMED | | | | | | N/A indiv. | N/A | 3 |
| IT | MMED | | | | | | N/A x | X | 3 |

Data quality is based on as assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17