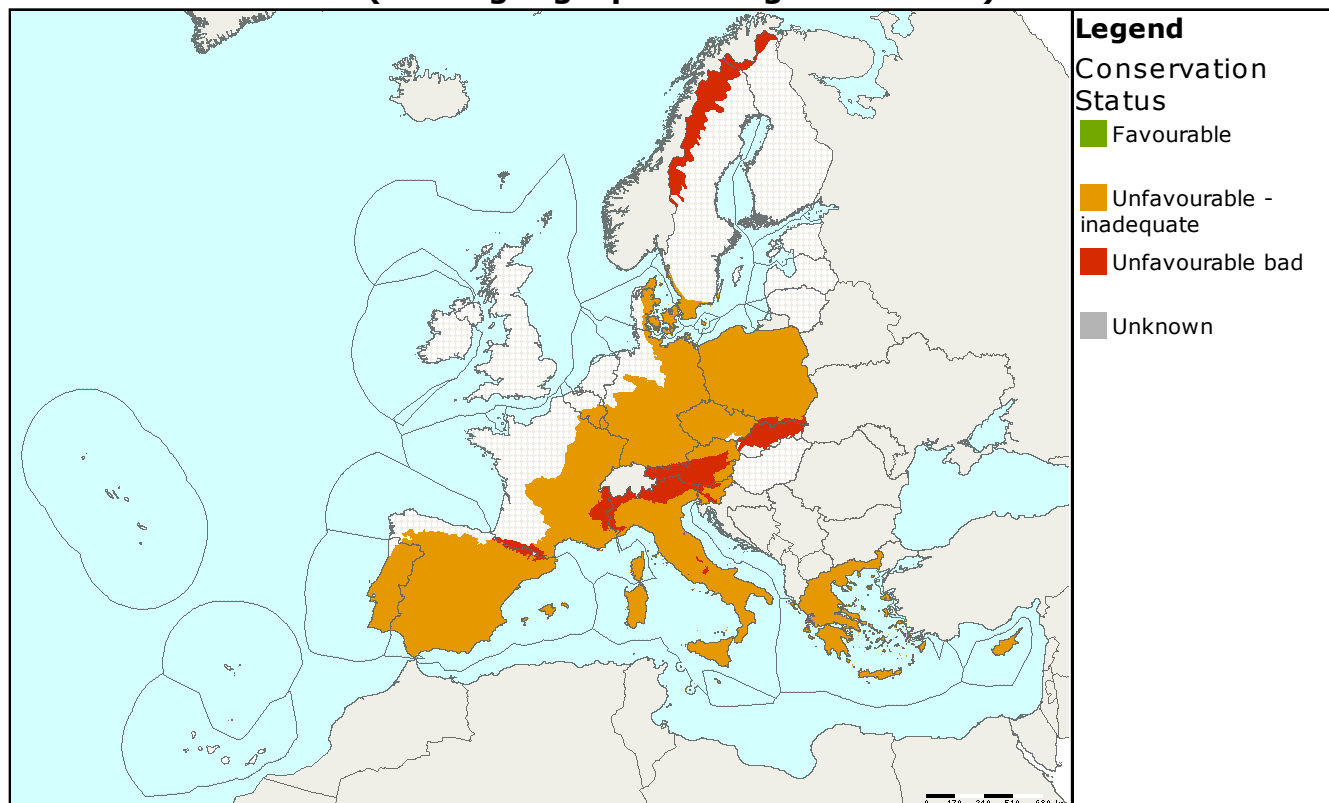


Species name: **Leuciscus souffia**  
Annex: **II**

Species group: **Fish**  
Regions: **ALP CON MED**

## Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)

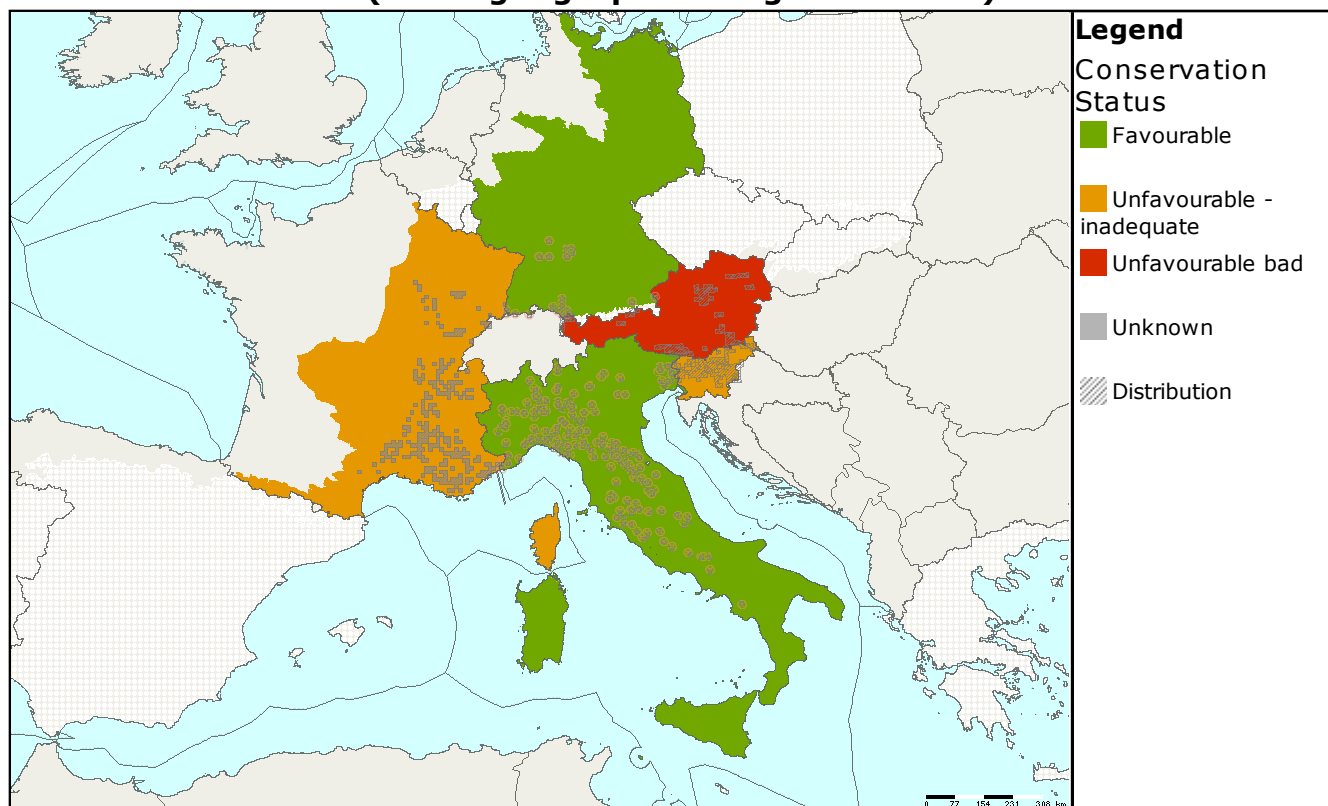


MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Population size & unit	Population Trend
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall		
EU25	ALP						210 grids	
EU25	CON						379 grids	
EU25	MED						212 grids	=

The souffia (current valid scientific name is *Telestes souffia* (Risso, 1827)) is a ray-finned fish species which is mainly found in Central and Mediterranean European countries. To a lesser extent it also occurs in Eastern Europe. It depends on rivers and streams with clean water preferably with gravel soils.

The status of this species was assessed as unfavourable ‘bad’ in the Alpine biogeographical region and unfavourable ‘inadequate’ in the Continental and Mediterranean biogeographical region. Particularly in Austria this species is performing badly, while in Germany and Italy it has a ‘favourable’ status. Despite unknown population trends the IUCN conservation status is ‘Least Concern’.

## Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Size&unit	Population trend	Data quality
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall			
AT	ALP						10000 - 100000 x	-	3
FR	ALP						N/A loc.	=	
IT	ALP						24 - 24 grids	=	2
SI	ALP						24 - (24) grids	X	2
AT	CON						10000 - 100000 x	-	3
DE	CON						43 - (43) x	+	1
FR	CON						N/A loc.	=	
IT	CON						118 - 118 grids	=	2
SI	CON						51 - (51) grids	X	2
FR	MED						N/A loc.	=	2
IT	MED						56 - 56 grids	=	2

Data quality is based on an assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at <http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17>