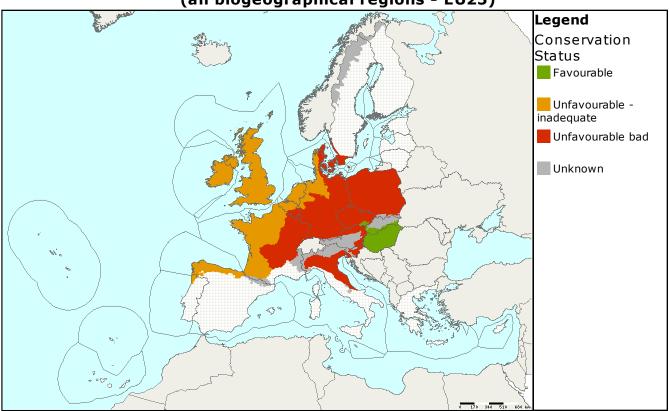
Habitats Directive Article 17 Reporting



Species name: Anisus vorticulus
Annex: II, IV

Species group: Invertebrates
Regions: ALP ATL CON PAN

Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)

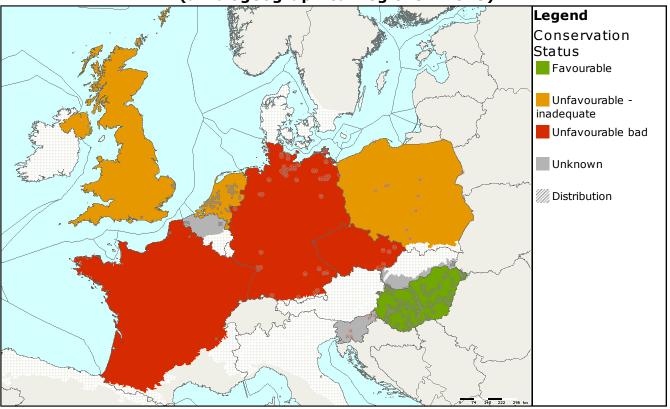


MS	Region		Conservatio	Donulation	Population			
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall	Population size & unit	Trend
EU25	ALP						4 loc.	Χ
EU25	CON						65 loc.	
EU25	PAN						347 grids	
EU25	ATL						95 grids	

The ramshorn snail is a species of air breathing freshwater snail. It is present in some parts of the central Europe and in the north-western Europe.

It is recorded within the Alpine biogeographical region only in Slovenia. Data is not available therefore its overall assessment is 'unknown'. For the Continental biogeographical region the assessment is 'unfavourable-bad'. In the Atlantic biogeographical region the conclusion is 'unfavourable-inadequate'. For the Pannonian biogeographical region the species is assessed as 'favourable', based on all the parameters in Czech Republic being 'favourable' (covering majority of distribution area in the region).

Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



MS	Region		nservation				Size&unit	Population [
		Range	Population	Habitat	prospects	Overall	Sizeduiit	trend q
SI	ALP						4 - (4) loc.	X
BE	ATL						3 - (3) grids	X
DE	ATL						11 - (11) loc.	Χ
FR	ATL						1 - 2 loc.	+
NL	ATL						102 - 2000 grids	-
UK	ATL						7 - 7 x	-
CZ	CON						3 - 3 loc.	-
DE	CON						39 - (39) loc.	Χ
FR	CON						8 - 8 loc.	=
PL	CON						11 - (11) loc.	-
SI	CON						4 - (4) loc.	X
CZ	PAN						4 - 4 loc.	=
ΗU	PAN						120000000 - 2400000000 indiv.	=
SK	PAN						5 - 15 loc.	X

Data quality is based on as assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17