Species name:Cerambyx cerdo Annex: II, IV

Species group: Invertebrates Regions: ALP ATL BOR CON MED PAN

## Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



| MS | Region | Conservation status assessment |  |  |  |  | Population size \& unit | Population Trend |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Range | Population | Habitat | Future prospects | Overall |  |  |
| EU25 | BOR |  |  |  |  |  | $1 \mathrm{loc}$. | = |
| EU25 | CON |  |  |  |  |  | 675 grids |  |
| EU25 | PAN |  |  |  |  |  | 635 grids |  |
| EU25 | ALP |  |  |  |  |  | 324 grids |  |
| EU25 | MED |  |  |  |  |  | 1918 grids |  |
| EU25 | ATL |  |  |  |  |  | 625 grids | X |

Cerambyx cerdo is a coleopteran distributed in south western and central Europe and Sweden. In spite of fossil records, it is no longer found in the United Kingdom. This species develops in fresh wood of broadleaf trees living in large trees with sun-exposed stems.
Its conservation status is 'unfavourable-bad' in Boreal and Continental regions having only a 'favourable' assessment in Italy. The status in Pannonian and Atlantic regions is 'unfavourableinadequate'. For Alpine and Mediterranean regions the assessment is 'unknown'. Many countries reported individual parameters as unknown, showing a need for better information.
The species is listed as 'Vulnerable' by IUCN, underlining that information needs to be updated.

# Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states (all biogeographical regions - EU25) 



| MS | Region | Conservation status assessment |  |  |  |  | Size\&unit | Population trend | Data quality |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Range | Population | Habitat | Future prospects | Overall |  |  |  |
| AT | ALP |  |  |  |  |  | 1-1 grids | X | 3 |
| ES | ALP |  |  |  |  |  | N/A x | X | 3 |
| FR | ALP |  |  |  |  |  | N/A x | X | 3 |
| IT | ALP |  |  |  |  |  | 58-58 loc. | $=$ | 2 |
| PL | ALP |  |  |  |  |  | $3-(3) x$ | - | 3 |
| SI | ALP |  |  |  |  |  | N/A x | X | 3 |
| SK | ALP |  |  |  |  |  | 30-41x | X | 3 |
| DE | ATL |  |  |  |  |  | 7-(7) x | X | 2 |
| ES | ATL |  |  |  |  |  | 41-47 loc. | X | 2 |
| FR | ATL |  |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A} \times$ | X | 3 |
| PT | ATL |  |  |  |  |  | N/A x | X |  |
| SE | BOR |  |  |  |  |  | 1-1 loc. | = | 1 |
| AT | CON |  |  |  |  |  | 24-24 grids | X | 2 |
| CZ | CON |  |  |  |  |  | 22-22 loc. | $=$ | 2 |
| DE | CON |  |  |  |  |  | 97-(97) x | X | 2 |
| FR | CON |  |  |  |  |  | N/A x | X | 3 |
| IT | CON |  |  |  |  |  | 195-195 loc. | $=$ | 2 |
| PL | CON |  |  |  |  |  | 47-47 loc. | - | 3 |
| SI | CON |  |  |  |  |  | N/A x | X | 3 |
| EL | MED |  |  |  |  |  | 18-(18) x | X | 2 |
| ES | MED |  |  |  |  |  | 735-(735) loc. | X |  |
| FR | MED |  |  |  |  |  | N/A x | X | 3 |
| IT | MED |  |  |  |  |  | 200-223 loc. | $=$ | 2 |
| PT | MED |  |  |  |  |  | N/A x | X |  |
| CZ | PAN |  |  |  |  |  | 9-9 loc. | $=$ | 2 |


| MS | Region | Conservation status assessment |  |  |  |  | Size\&unit | Population trend | Data quality |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Range | Population | Habitat | Future prospects | Overall |  |  |  |
| HU | PAN |  |  |  |  |  | 92-246 loc. | X | 3 |
| SK | PAN |  |  |  |  |  | 20-30 x | X | 3 |

Data quality is based on as assessment by each Member State, $1=$ good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17

