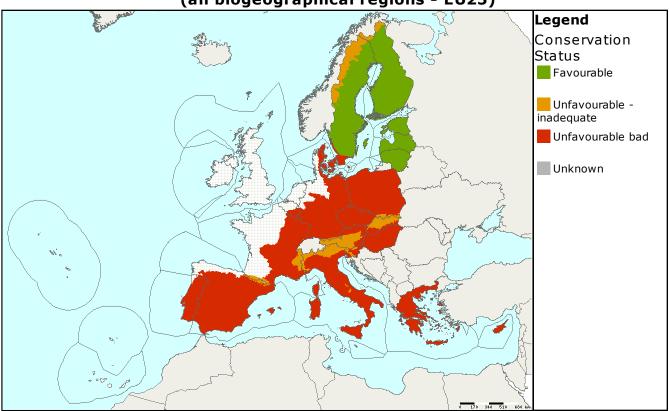
Habitats Directive Article 17 Reporting



Species name: Lynx lynx Species group: Mammals

Annex: II, IV Regions: ALP ATL BOR CON MED PAN

Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)

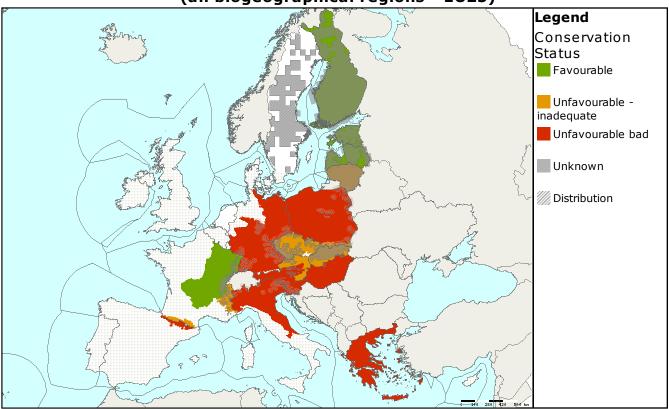


| MS | Region | | Conservation | | Population | Donulation | | |
|------|--------|-------|--------------|---------|------------------------------|------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | | Range | Population | Habitat | Future prospe <i>c</i> ts | Overall | | Population Trend |
| EU25 | MED | | | | | | | Χ |
| EU25 | PAN | | | | | | 91 grids | X |
| EU25 | BOR | | | | | | 3445-4140 indiv. | |
| EU25 | ALP | | | | | | 590-902 indiv. | |
| EU25 | CON | | | | | | 1039 grids | |

The Eurasian lynx is widespread nearly all over Europe. It lives in extended forests where it hunts and hides.

In the Mediterranean and Pannonian region its conservation status is 'unfavourable-bad'. In most the Alpine and Continental region the overall conservation status is 'unfavourable-inadequate'. However, the conservation status of the lynx in areas lying within these geographical regions is often 'unfavourable-bad'. Only in the Boreal region its conservation status is 'favourable', with Lithuania being the exception for this region wherein its conservation status is 'unfavourable-bad' due to the population size and habitat fragmentation. Its IUCN conservation status is 'Least Concern'.

Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



| MS | Region | С | onservation | status | assessme | | Danulatia | D-1- | |
|----|--------|-------|-------------|---------|---------------------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| | | Range | Population | Habitat | Future prospects | Overall | Size&unit | Population trend | Data quality |
| АТ | ALP | | | | | | 58 - 58 grids | Χ | 3 |
| ES | ALP | | | | | | N/A indiv. | = | 1 |
| FI | ALP | | | | | | 2 - 4 indiv. | = | 2 |
| FR | ALP | | | | | | 18 - 50 indiv. | + | 2 |
| ΙT | ALP | | | | | | 1 - 1 loc. | = | 1 |
| PL | ALP | | | | | | 90 - 100 indiv. | = | 1 |
| SE | ALP | | | | | | 150 - 300 indiv. | - | 1 |
| SI | ALP | | | | | | 25 - 40 indiv. | - | 2 |
| SK | ALP | | | | | | 300 - 400 indiv. | - | 2 |
| NL | ATL | | | | | | N/A x | N/A | |
| EE | BOR | | | | | | 715 - 800 indiv. | + | 1 |
| FI | BOR | | | | | | 1100 - 1200 indiv. | + | 1 |
| LT | BOR | | | | | | 30 - 40 indiv. | - | 1 |
| LV | BOR | | | | | | 500 - 600 indiv. | + | 2 |
| SE | BOR | | | | | | 1100 - 1500 indiv. | + | 1 |
| АТ | CON | | | | | | 5 - 10 x | = | 2 |
| CZ | CON | | | | | | 151 - 151 grids | - | 1 |
| DE | CON | | | | | | 95 - (95) indiv. | = | 2 |
| FR | CON | | | | | | 118 - 139 indiv. | + | 2 |
| ΙT | CON | | | | | | 1 - 1 loc. | = | 1 |
| PL | CON | | | | | | 90 - 100 indiv. | = | 1 |
| SI | CON | | | | | | 5 - 10 indiv. | | 2 |
| EL | MED | | | | | | N/A indiv. | X | 3 |
| HU | PAN | | | | | | 29 - 29 loc. | X | 2 |
| SK | PAN | | | | | | 2 - 10 indiv. | X | 2 |

Data quality is based on as assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17