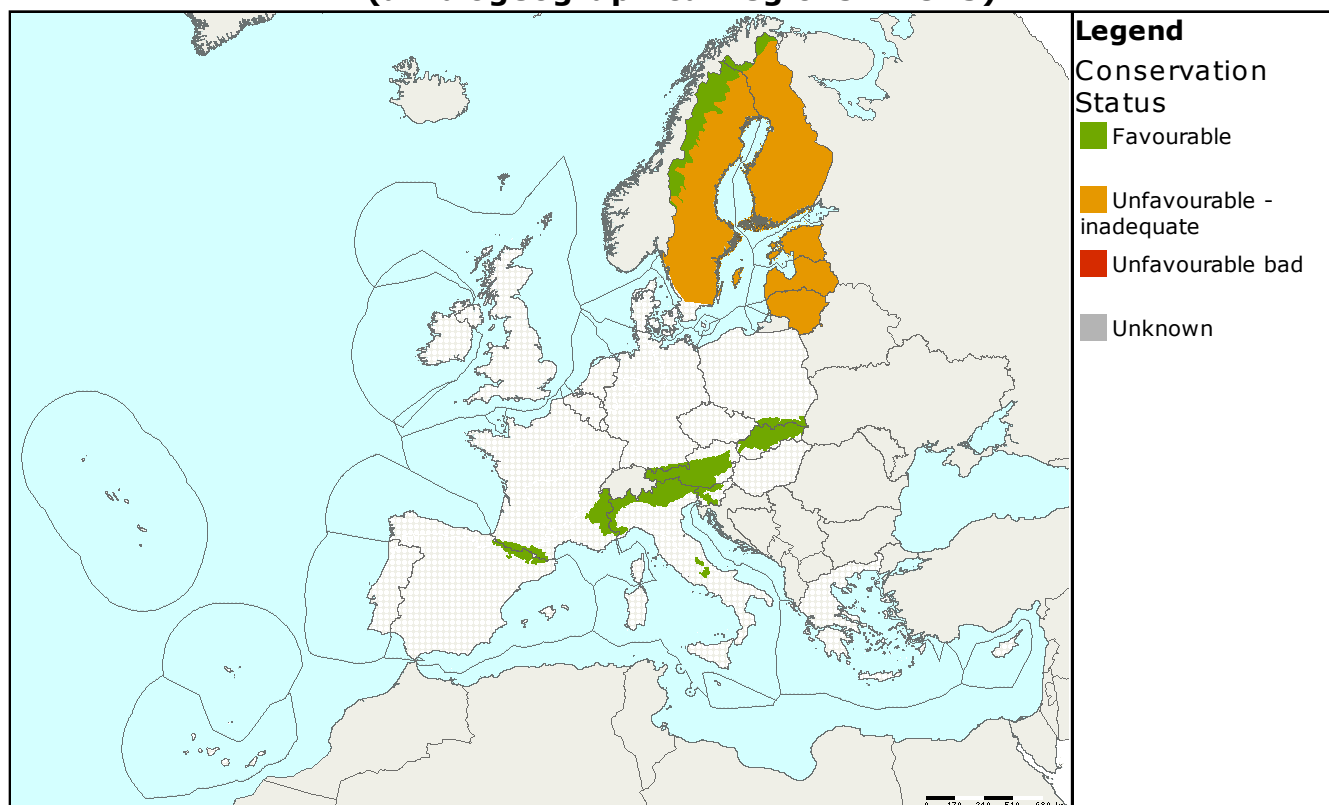


Species name: **Calypso bulbosa**
Annex: **II, IV**

Species group: **Plants**
Regions: **ALP BOR**

Assessments of conservation status at the European level (all biogeographical regions - EU25)

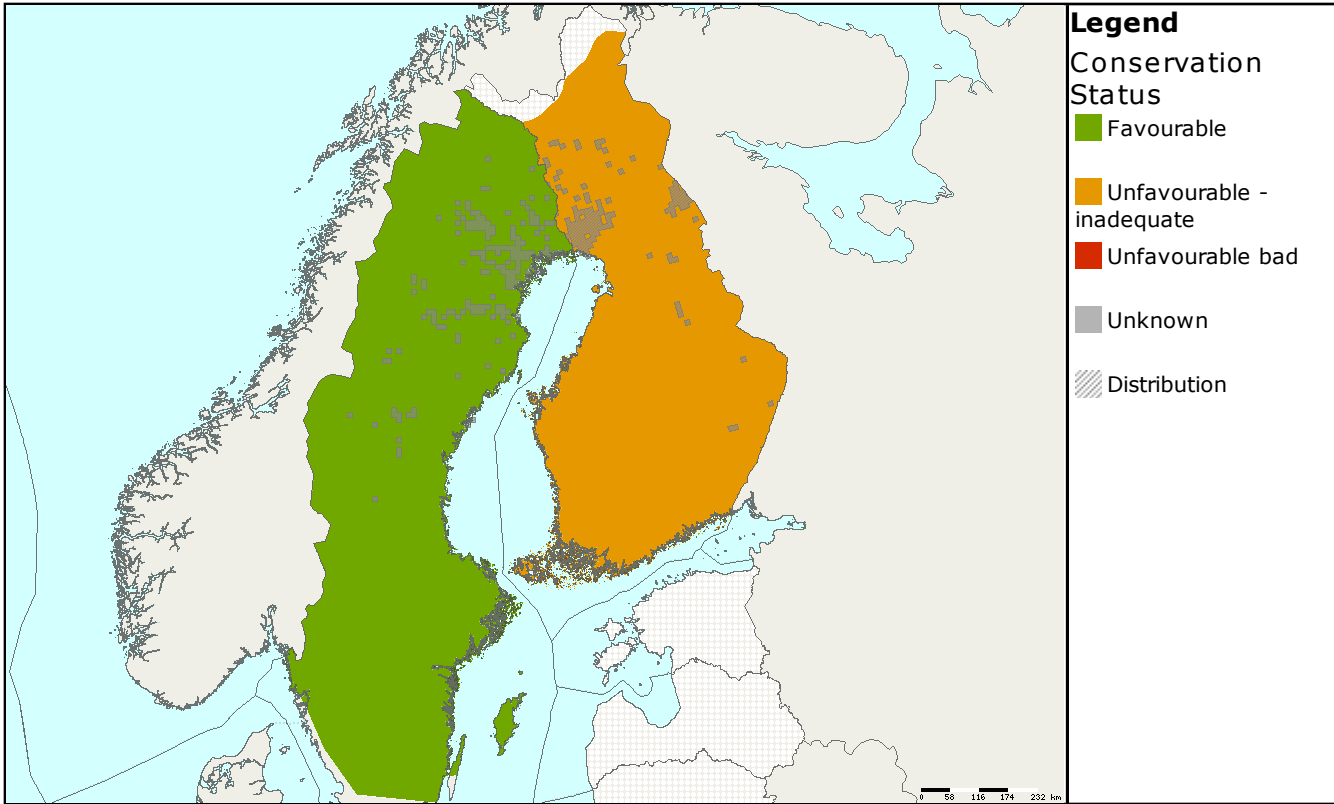


MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Population size & unit	Population Trend
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall		
EU25	ALP	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	100 indiv.	=
EU25	BOR	Green	Orange	Green	Orange	Orange	278 grids	-

An orchid with circum-boreal distribution. In Western Europe it occurs only in Sweden and Finland. It occurs in coniferous, mostly spruce, forests where it can be found on stands with moist, humus rich soils.

The conservation status in the Alpine biogeographical region, where the species occurs only in Sweden is 'favourable'. In the Boreal biogeographical region the conservation status is 'unfavourable inadequate' which is a consequence of the assessment in Finland. Here population size is decreasing and as well from a long-term perspective the species is on decline especially in the central part of its range. The forestry practices represent a threat to the habitat of species in both biogeographical regions. The species is included in the national red lists in the category 'near threatened' in Sweden and 'vulnerable' in Finland.

Assessments of conservation status as reported by Member states (all biogeographical regions - EU25)



MS	Region	Conservation status assessment					Size&unit	Population trend	Data quality	
		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Overall				
SE	ALP						100 - 100 indiv.	=	2	
FI	BOR	FI has provided a report to the European Commission under Article 17								
SE	BOR						10000 - 10000 indiv.	=	2	

Data quality is based on as assessment by each Member State, 1 = good, 2 = medium, 3 = poor

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2007 and covering the period 2001-2006. More detailed information is available at <http://biodiversity.eionet.europa.eu/article17>