



## 9260 *Castanea sativa* woods

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<b>Habitat code</b>	9260
<b>Priority</b>	No
<b>Habitat group</b>	Forests
<b>Regions</b>	Alpine, Atlantic, Continental, Mediterranean

Supra-Mediterranean and sub-Mediterranean *Castanea sativa*-dominated forests and old established plantations with semi-natural undergrowth.

Overall conclusion “U1”, ATL bioregion is represented by Spain, non-genuine change reported, the previous CS “XX”. Overall conclusion for CON bioregion is “U1” as Italy reported an unfavourable state for Range, Area, Structure & functions and Future prospects as unfavourable. The nature of change is non-genuine change, due to more accurate data and different method. Overall conclusion for MED bioregion is “U2” as France and Spain reported as unfavourable –bad state for Future prospects. The nature of change is non-genuine change, due to different method. Overall conclusion for ALP bioregion is “U1” as MS reported majority of parameters as unfavourable. The nature of change is non-genuine change, due to different method and more accurate data. The re-evaluation of CS 2007 changed “U2” to “FV”, target 1 was changed on the base of re-evaluation from B+ to C-.

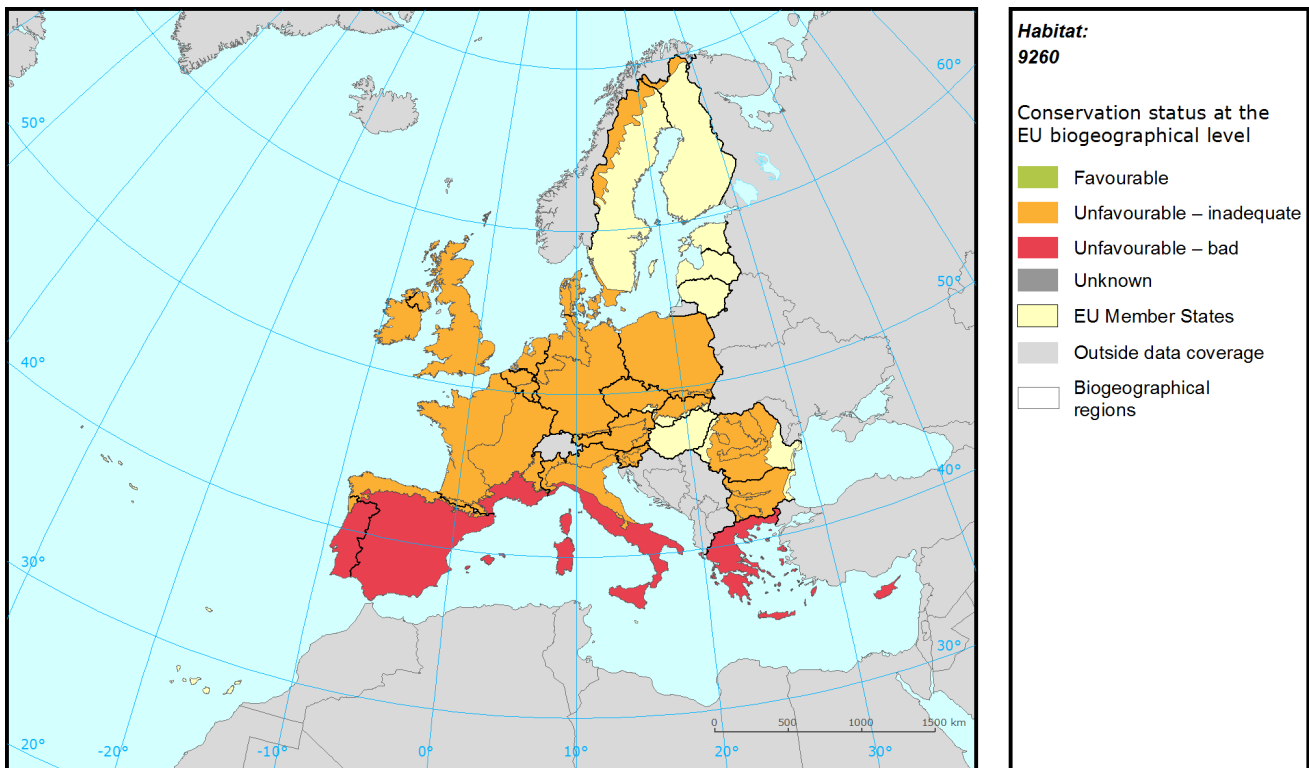
To the most important threats belong forest and plantation management & use, forest exploitation without replanting or natural regrowth, invasive non-native species, collection (fungi, lichen, berries etc.), forestry clearance and roads, motorways, introduction of disease (microbial pathogens), modification of cultivation practices, biocenotic evolution, succession, fire and fire suppression.

The most important pressures are invasive non-native species, fire (natural), forest planting on open ground, forest and plantation management & use, forest exploitation without replanting or natural regrowth introduction of disease (microbial pathogens), collection (fungi, lichen, berries etc.), modification of cultivation practices and biocenotic evolution, succession.

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Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

## Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level



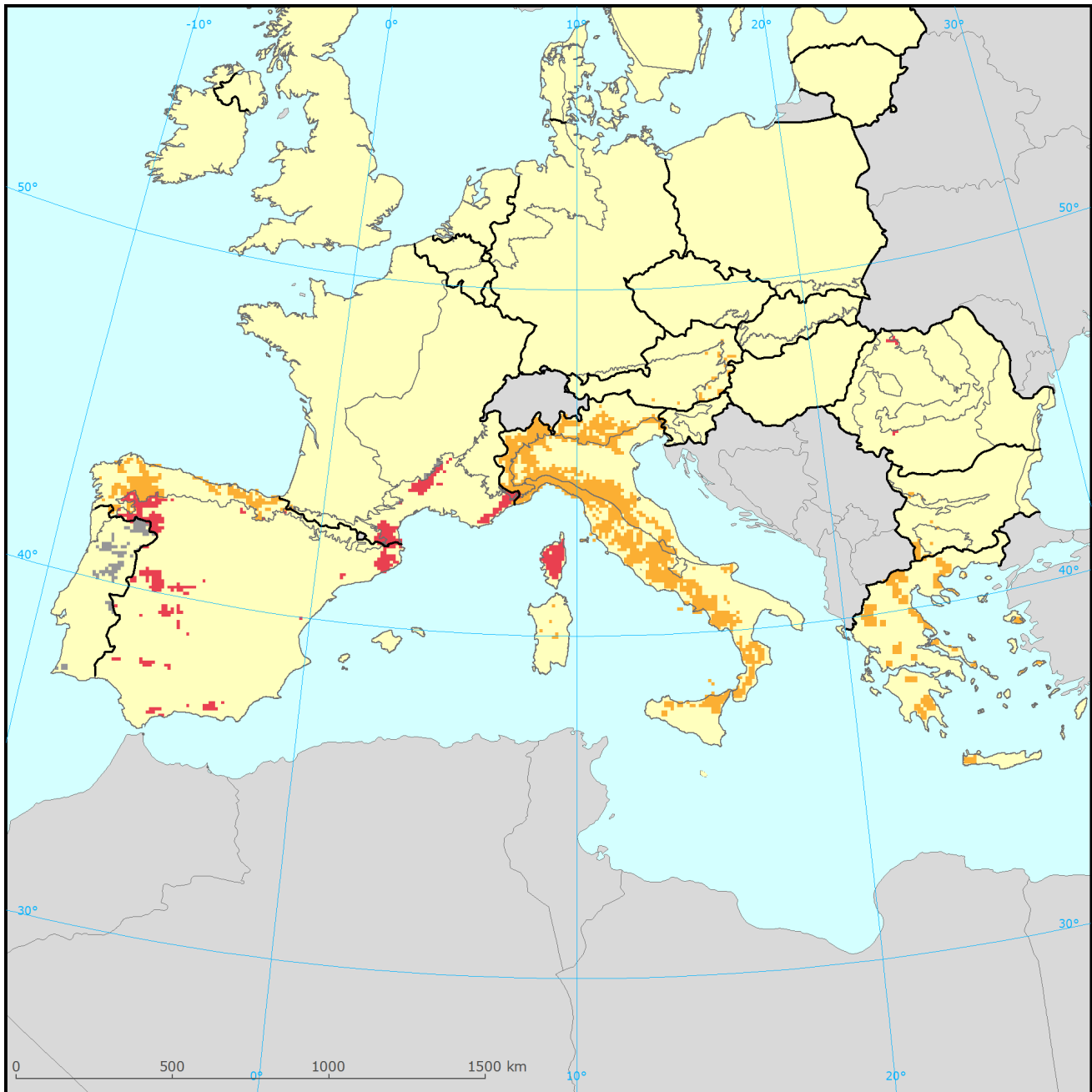
Region	Conservation status (CS) of parameters				Current CS	Trend in CS	% in region	Previous CS	Reason for change
	Range	Area	Structure & Functions	Future prospects					
ALP	U1	U1	U1	U1	U1	-	14	U2	Not genuine
ATL	U1	U1	FV	U1	U1	-	10	XX	Not genuine
CON	U1	U1	U1	U1	U1	x	18	U2	Not genuine
MED	U1	U1	FV	U2	U2	-	58	XX	Not genuine

See the endnote for more information<sup>i</sup>

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



Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

## Assessment of conservation status at the Member State level



### Habitat: 9260

Distribution and conservation status at the Member State level

- |   |  |
|---|--|
|  Favourable                |  EU Member States       |
|  Unfavourable – inadequate |  Outside data coverage  |
|  Unfavourable – bad        |  Biogeographical region |
|  Unknown                   |  |

The map shows both Conservation Status and distribution using a 10 km x 10 km grid. Conservation status is assessed at biogeographical level. Therefore the representation in each grid cell is only illustrative.

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MS	Region	Conservation status (CS) of parameters				Current CS	Trend in CS	% in region	Previous CS	Reason for change
		Range	Area	Structure & functions	Future prospects					
AT	ALP	FV	U1	XX	U1	-	3.0	U1	Better data	
BG	ALP	FV	FV	U1	U1	=	1.7			
FR	ALP	FV	FV	U2	U2	-	5.0	U2		
IT	ALP	U1	U1	U1	U1	-	89.9	FV	Changed method	
RO	ALP	FV	U1	U2	U1	-	0.3			
ES	ATL	U1	U1	FV	U1	-	100.0	XX	Changed method	
AT	CON	FV	U1	XX	U1	-	5.0	U1	Better data	
BG	CON	FV	FV	U1	U1	=	5.6			
FR	CON	XX	XX	XX	XX		2.9	U2	Changed method	
IT	CON	U1	U1	U1	U1	-	84.4	FV	Changed method	
RO	CON	FV	U1	U2	U2	x	2.1			
ES	MED	U1	U2	FV	U2	-	20.9	XX	Changed method	
FR	MED	FV	FV	U2	U2	=	13.7	U2		
GR	MED	FV	FV	FV	U1		8.0	U1		
IT	MED	U1	U1	FV	FV	-	49.6	FV	Changed method	
PT	MED	FV	FV	XX	XX		7.8	XX		

Knowing that not all changes in conservation status between the reporting periods were genuine, Member States were asked to give the reasons for changes in conservation status. Bulgaria and Romania only joined the EU in 2007 and Greece did not report for 2007-12 so no reason is given for change for these countries. Greek data shown above is from 2001-06.

## Main pressures and threats reported by Member States

Member States were asked to report the 20 most important threats and pressures using an agreed hierarchical list which can be found on the [Article 17 Reference Portal](#). Pressures are activities which are currently having an impact on the habitats and threats are activities expected to have an impact in the near future. Pressures and threats were ranked in three classes 'high, medium and low importance'; the tables below only show threats and pressures classed as 'high', for some habitats there were less than ten threats or pressures reported as highly important.

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## Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' pressures

Code	Activity	Frequency
K03	Interspecific faunal relations	46
F04	Taking and collection of terrestrial plants	15
A02	Modification of cultivation practices	8
B02	Forest and plantation management & use	8
I01	Invasive alien species	8
K02	Vegetation succession/Biocenotic evolution	8
L09	Fire (natural)	8

## Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' threats

Code	Activity	Frequency
K03	Interspecific faunal relations	32
B02	Forest and plantation management & use	11
F04	Taking and collection of terrestrial plants	11
J01	Fire and fire suppression	11
K02	Vegetation succession/Biocenotic evolution	11
L09	Fire (natural)	11
A02	Modification of cultivation practices	5
B03	Forest exploitation	5
I01	Invasive alien species	5

## Proportion of population covered by the Natura 2000 network

Member States were asked to report the area of the habitat which is covered by the Natura 2000 network. The percentage of the habitat area covered by the network was estimated by comparing the area within the network and the total area in the biogeographical/marine region.

### Percentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites in biogeographical/marine region

	ALP	ATL	CON	MED
<b>AT</b>	50		17	
<b>BG</b>	83		92	
<b>ES</b>		100*		100*
<b>FR</b>	69		1	66
<b>IT</b>	7		17	15
<b>PT</b>				x
<b>RO</b>	45		100	

See the endnotes for more information<sup>ii</sup>

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## Most frequently reported conservation measures

Member States were asked to report up to 20 conservation measures being implemented for this habitat using an agreed list which can be found on the Article 17 Reference Portal. Member States were further requested to highlight up to five most important ('highly important') measures; the table below only shows measures classed as 'high', for many habitats there were less than ten measures reported as highly important.

### Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' conservation measures

Code	Measure	Frequency
3.1	Restoring/improving forest habitats	25
3.2	Adapt forest management	21
6.1	Establish protected areas/sites	18
6.3	Legal protection of habitats and species	18
6.4	Manage landscape features	7
9.1	Regulating/Management exploitation of natural resources on land	7
3.0	Other forestry-related measures	4

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2007-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at:

<http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article17/reports2012/habitat/summary/?group=Forests&period=3&subject=9260>

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**i Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level:** Current Conservation Status (Current CS) shows the status for the reporting period 2007-2012, Previous Conservation Status (Previous CS) for the reporting period 2000-2006. Reason for change in conservation status between the reporting periods indicates whether the changes in the status were genuine or not genuine. Previous Conservation Status was not assessed for Steppic, Black Sea and Marine Black Sea regions. For these regions the Previous status is therefore considered as 'unknown'. The percentage of the habitat area occurring within the biogeographical/marine region (% in region) is calculated based on the area of GIS distribution.

**ii Percentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites in biogeographical/marine region:** In some cases the population size within the Natura 2000 network has been estimated using a different methodology to the estimate of overall population size and this can lead to percentage covers greater than 100%. In such case the value has been given as 100% and highlighted with an asterisk (\*). The value 'x' indicates that the Member State has not reported the habitat area and/or the coverage by Natura 2000. No information is available for Greece. The values are only provided for regions, in which the occurrence of the habitat has been reported by the Member States.