European Environment Agency European Topic Centre on Biological Diversity



Coregonus lucinensis

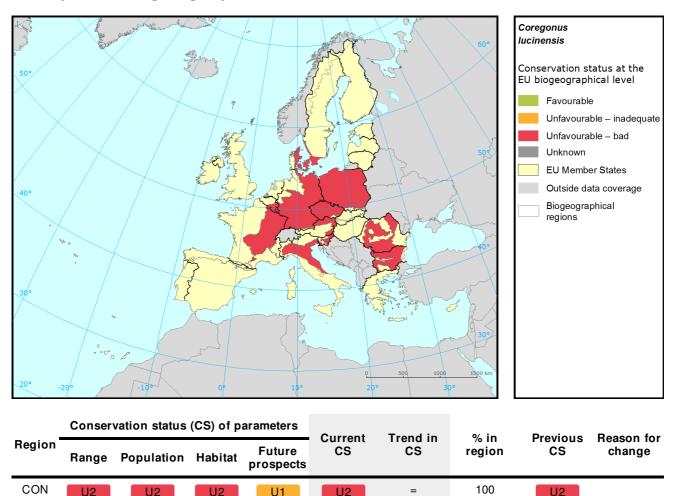
Annex	V
Priority	No
Species group	Fish
Regions	Continental

Coregonus fontanae is is a fish from salmonids family. In past its populations were classified as *Coregonus albula*, wide-ranging species occurring in the Baltic and White Sea basins. Recent taxonomists treat it as a distinct species. It is endemic to lake Breiter Luzin in Northern Germany. It is a lacustrine species living in deep waters. The conservation status is unfavorable bad; both population and habitat of species are in bad status. The species is threatened by water pollution and eutrophication. It is listed as 'vulnerable' in the European Red List due to its restricted natural range and heavy decline of population in past. According to the Red List evaluation the species is recovering but Germany has not reflected this fact in the trend in conservations status, which is evaluated as stable.

Species: Coregonus lucinensis

Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level



See the endnote for more informationⁱ

Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

Assessment of conservation status at the Member State level



coregonus lucinensis			
Distribution and conservation status at the Member State level			
Favourable	EU Member States		
Unfavourable – inadequate	Outside data coverage		
Unfavourable – bad	Biogeographical region		
Unknown			

The map shows both Conservation Status and distribution using a 10 km x 10 km grid. Conservation status is assessed at biogeographical level. Therefore the representation in each grid cell is only illustrative.

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Conservation status of parameters		Current Trend in	9/ im	Previous	Reason				
MS Region	Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Current CS	CS	% in region	CS	for change
DE CON	U2	U2	U2	U1	U2	=	100.0	U2	

Knowing that not all changes in conservation status between the reporting periods were genuine, Member States were asked to give the reasons for changes in conservation status. Bulgaria and Romania only joined the EU in 2007 and Greece did not report for 2007-12 so no reason is given for change for these countries. Greek data shown above is from 2001-06.

Main pressures and threats reported by Member States

Member States were asked to report the 20 most important threats and pressures using an agreed hierarchical list which can be found on the Article 17 Reference Portal. Pressures are activities which are currently having an impact on the species and threats are activities expected to have an impact in the near future. Pressures and threats were ranked in three classes 'high, medium and low importance'; the tables below only show threats and pressures classed as 'high', for some species there were less than ten threats or pressures reported as highly important.

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' pressures

Code	Activity	Frequency
H01	Pollution to surface waters	100

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' threats

Code Activity	Frequency

No 'highly important' threats were reported.

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2007-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at: http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article17/reports2012/species/summary/? group=Fish&period=3&subject=Coregonus+lucinensis

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ⁱAssessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level: Current Conservation Status (Current CS) shows the status for the reporting period 2007-2012, Previous Conservation Status (Previous CS) for the reporting period 2000-2006. Reason for change in conservation status between the reporting periods indicates whether the changes in the status were genuine or not genuine. Previous Conservation Status was not assessed for Steppic, Black Sea and Marine Black Sea regions. For these regions the Previous status is therefore considered as 'unknown'. The percentage of the species population occurring within the biogeographical/marine region (% in region) is calculated based on the area of GIS distribution.