

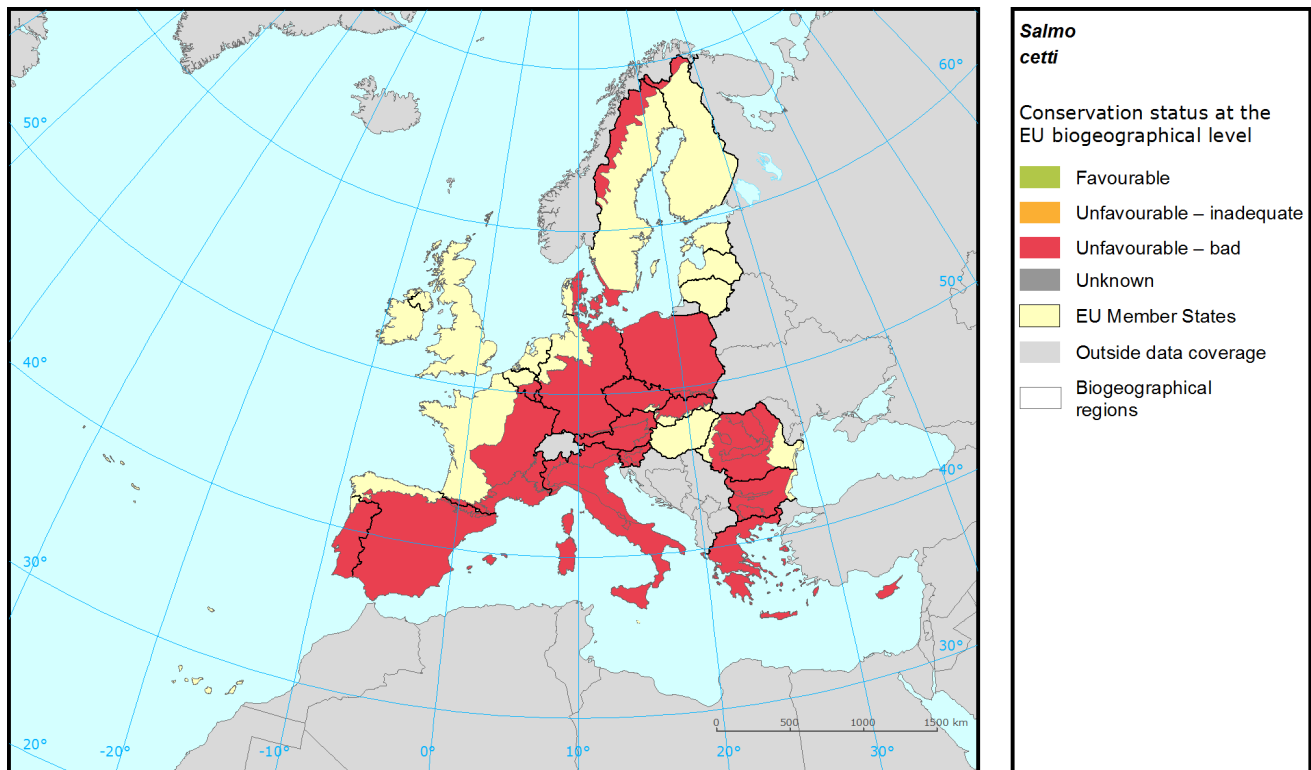


Salmo cetti

Annex	II
Priority	No
Species group	Fish
Regions	Alpine, Continental, Mediterranean

Salmo cetti is a Mediterranean species of trout. In the historical literature it was known as *Salmo macrostigma*, but current taxonomy treats *Salmo macrostigma* as a species endemic to Algeria. The taxonomy of the *macrostigma* group remains unclear. Few populations treated in this assessment as *Salmo cetti* have been described by some authors as distinct species and it is possible that future taxonomic studies will reveal existence of other undescribed species within this group. The species occurs in Apennine Peninsula, in Corsica and in Sardinia. It inhabits streams and lakes in hilly areas with cold and clear water. The conservation status is unfavourable bad in all regions (Alpine, Continental and Mediterranean). The population trend, trend in habitat quality and quantity and the overall trend in Conservation status are declining. The species is threatened by invasive alien species (hybridisation and competition) and by degradation of its habitats, mainly in connection with water abstraction and loss of specific habitat features. Due to continuous moderate population decline and persisting pressures it is listed as 'near threatened' in the European Red List.

Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level



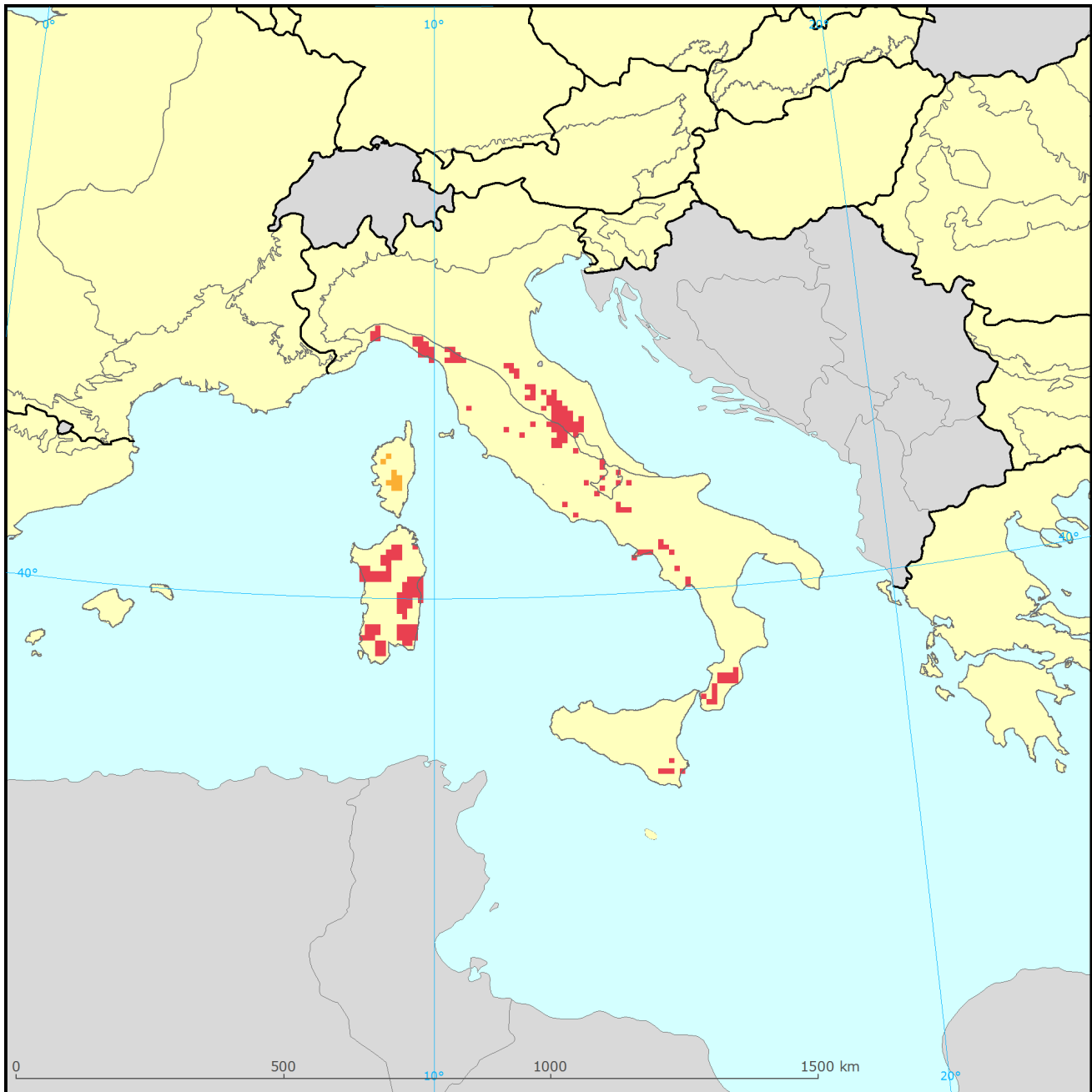
Region	Conservation status (CS) of parameters				Current CS	Trend in CS	% in region	Previous CS	Reason for change
	Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects					
ALP	U2	U2	U1	U2	U2	-	2	U2	
CON	U2	U2	U1	U2	U2	-	18	XX	Not genuine
MED	U2	U2	U1	U2	U2	-	80	U1	Not genuine

See the endnote for more informationⁱ

Species: *Salmo cetti*

Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

Assessment of conservation status at the Member State level



Salmo cetti

Distribution and conservation status at the Member State level



The map shows both Conservation Status and distribution using a 10 km x 10 km grid. Conservation status is assessed at biogeographical level. Therefore the representation in each grid cell is only illustrative.

Species: *Salmo cetti*

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MS Region	Conservation status of parameters				Current CS	Trend in CS	% in region	Previous CS	Reason for change
	Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects					
IT ALP	U2	U2	U1	U2	U2	-	100.0	U2	No data
IT CON	U2	U2	U1	U2	U2	-	100.0		
FR MED	U1	U1	U1	XX	U1	=	5.7	U1	
IT MED	U2	U2	U1	U2	U2	-	94.3	U2	No data

Knowing that not all changes in conservation status between the reporting periods were genuine, Member States were asked to give the reasons for changes in conservation status. Bulgaria and Romania only joined the EU in 2007 and Greece did not report for 2007-12 so no reason is given for change for these countries. Greek data shown above is from 2001-06.

Main pressures and threats reported by Member States

Member States were asked to report the 20 most important threats and pressures using an agreed hierarchical list which can be found on the [Article 17 Reference Portal](#). Pressures are activities which are currently having an impact on the species and threats are activities expected to have an impact in the near future. Pressures and threats were ranked in three classes 'high, medium and low importance'; the tables below only show threats and pressures classed as 'high', for some species there were less than ten threats or pressures reported as highly important.

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' pressures

Code	Activity	Frequency
I01	Invasive alien species	23
I03	Introduced species/genes	23
J02	Changes in water bodies conditions	23
J03	Other changes to ecosystems	23
F06	Other hunting, fishing and collection activities	8

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' threats

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Proportion of population covered by the Natura 2000 network

For species listed in the Annex II of the Directive Member States were asked to report the population size within the Natura 2000 network. The percentage of species population covered by the network was estimated by comparing the population size within the network and the total population size in the biogeographical/marine region.

Percentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites in biogeographical/marine region

	ALP	CON	MED
FR			x
IT	x	x	x

See the endnotes for more informationⁱⁱ

Most frequently reported conservation measures

For species listed in the Annex II of the Directive Member States were asked to report up to 20 conservation measures being implemented for this species using an agreed list which can be found on the Article 17 Reference Portal. Member States were further requested to highlight up to five most important ('highly important') measures; the table below only shows measures classed as 'high', for many species there were less than ten measures reported as highly important.

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' conservation measures

Code	Measure	Frequency
7.2	Regulation/ Management of fishery in limnic systems	50
7.4	Specific single species or species group management measures	50

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2007-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at:

<http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article17/reports2012/species/summary/?group=Fish&period=3&subject=Salmo+cetti>

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Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

i Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level: Current Conservation Status (Current CS) shows the status for the reporting period 2007-2012, Previous Conservation Status (Previous CS) for the reporting period 2000-2006. Reason for change in conservation status between the reporting periods indicates whether the changes in the status were genuine or not genuine. Previous Conservation Status was not assessed for Steppic, Black Sea and Marine Black Sea regions. For these regions the Previous status is therefore considered as 'unknown'. The percentage of the species population occurring within the biogeographical/marine region (% in region) is calculated based on the area of GIS distribution.

ii Percentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites in biogeographical/marine region: In some cases the population size within the Natura 2000 network has been estimated using a different methodology to the estimate of overall population size and this can lead to percentage covers greater than 100%. In such case the value has been given as 100% and highlighted with an asterisk (*). The value 'x' indicates that the Member State has not reported the species population and/or the coverage by Natura 2000. No information is available for Greece. The values are only provided for regions, in which the occurrence of the species has been reported by the Member States.