Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive Period 2007-2012

European Environment Agency *European Topic Centre on Biological Diversity*



Podarcis hispanica atrata

Annex IV Priority No

Species group Reptiles

Regions Mediterranean

Podarcis hispanica atrata

Previously a subspecies of the Iberian Wall Lizard, now widely accepted as unique species, this species occurs on the uninhabited Columbretes islands in the Mediterranean Sea of Spain. The particular habitat of the species is unknown, but as for the other lizards it inhabits rocky slopes or rock outcrops.

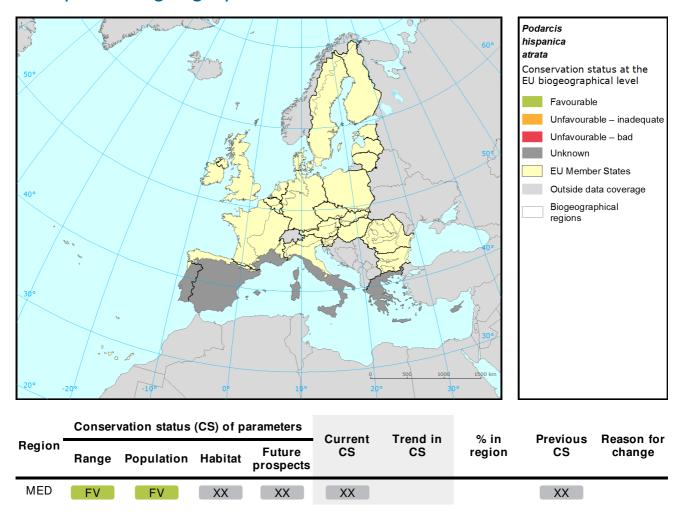
The species was reported by Spain for the Mediterranean biogeographical region. The conservation status for the report is assessed as 'unknown', which is unchanged from the previous reporting period. Pressures and threats reported by Spain include human intrusions and disturbances, inbreeding, pollution, erosion and discharges.

The IUCN Red List classifies the Iberian Wall Lizard as least concern due to its wide distribution, presumed large population, and tolerance for a broad range of habitats (http://www.iucnredlist.org/details/61548/1 consulted on 3 March 2015).

Species: Podarcis hispanica atrata

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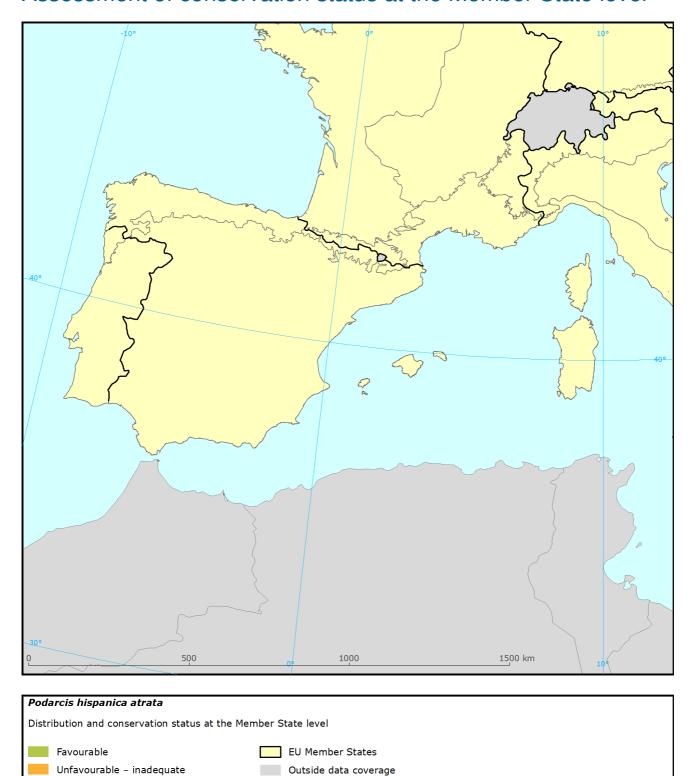
Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level



See the endnote for more informationⁱ

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Assessment of conservation status at the Member State level



The map shows both Conservation Status and distribution using a $10 \text{ km} \times 10 \text{ km}$ grid. Conservation status is assessed at biogeographical level. Therefore the representation in each grid cell is only illustrative.

Biogeographical region

Unfavourable - bad

Unknown

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MS Region	Conservation status of parameters				Current	Trend in	% in	Previous	Reason
	Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	Current CS	CS	region	CS	for change
ES MED	FV	FV	XX	XX	XX		100.0	XX	

Knowing that not all changes in conservation status between the reporting periods were genuine, Member States were asked to give the reasons for changes in conservation status. Bulgaria and Romania only joined the EU in 2007 and Greece did not report for 2007-12 so no reason is given for change for these countries. Greek data shown above is from 2001-06.

Main pressures and threats reported by Member States

Member States were asked to report the 20 most important threats and pressures using an agreed hierarchical list which can be found on the Article 17 Reference Portal. Pressures are activities which are currently having an impact on the species and threats are activities expected to have an impact in the near future. Pressures and threats were ranked in three classes 'high, medium and low importance'; the tables below only show threats and pressures classed as 'high', for some species there were less than ten threats or pressures reported as highly important.

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' pressures

Code	Activity	Frequency
G05	Other human intrusions and disturbances	50
H07	Other forms of pollution	50

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' threats

Code	Activity	Frequency
E01	Urbanisation and human habitation	50
K05	Reduced fecundity/Genetic depression	50

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2007-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at: http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article17/reports2012/species/summary/? group=Reptiles&period=3&subject=Podarcis+hispanica+atrata

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Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level: Current Conservation Status (Current CS) shows the status for the reporting period 2007-2012, Previous Conservation Status (Previous CS) for the reporting period 2000-2006. Reason for change in conservation status between the reporting periods indicates whether the changes in the status were genuine or not genuine. Previous Conservation Status was not assessed for Steppic, Black Sea and Marine Black Sea regions. For these regions the Previous status is therefore considered as 'unknown'. The percentage of the species population occurring within the biogeographical/marine region (% in region) is calculated based on the area of GIS distribution.