Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive Period 2007-2012

European Environment Agency *European Topic Centre on Biological Diversity*



Kosteletzkya pentacarpos

Annex II, IV Priority No

Species group Vascular plants

Regions Continental, Mediterranean

The plant *Kosteletzkya pentacarpos* is a spectacular native perennial that grows in brackish and fresh water marshes. It is a favorite nectar source for butterflies and hummingbirds. It is known from France, italy and Spain in the Continental and Mediterranean regions. Outside EU occur the species in eastern North America. This species is assessed as Vulnerable (VU) for the IUCN European Red List. Population has been recorded in 7 localities (sites where the presence of the species is confirmed). The total population size of this species is estimated as 600 individuals.

In the Continental region, both the current and previous conservation status is "Unfavourable Inadequate". The country report of Italy indicates "Unfavourable Inadequate" future prospects and the trend is decreasing. In the Mediterranean region, the conservation status is "Favourable", the previous conservation status was "Unfavourable Bad". The future prospect is "Favourable" and the trend is stable.

The species is threatened mostly by invasion of non-native species, landfill, land reclamation and drying out and management of aquatic and bank vegetation for drainage purposes. Agricultural intensification, reclamation of land from sea, estuary or marsh, water abstractions from groundwater, pollution to surface waters and urbanisation are also regarded as threats.

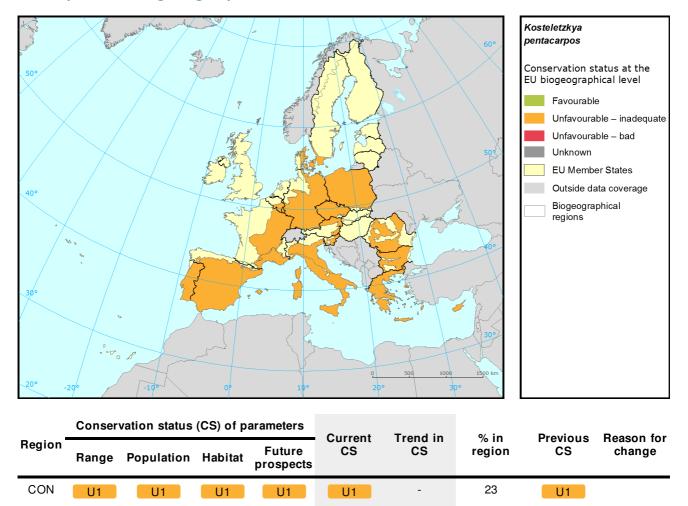
Changes in overall conservation status between 2001-06 and 2007-12 report are mostly caused by different methodical approach and better data rather than real change in conservation status in Mediterranean region. No changes in overall conservation status between 2001-06 and 2007-12 reports in Continental region.

Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

77

Not genuine

Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level

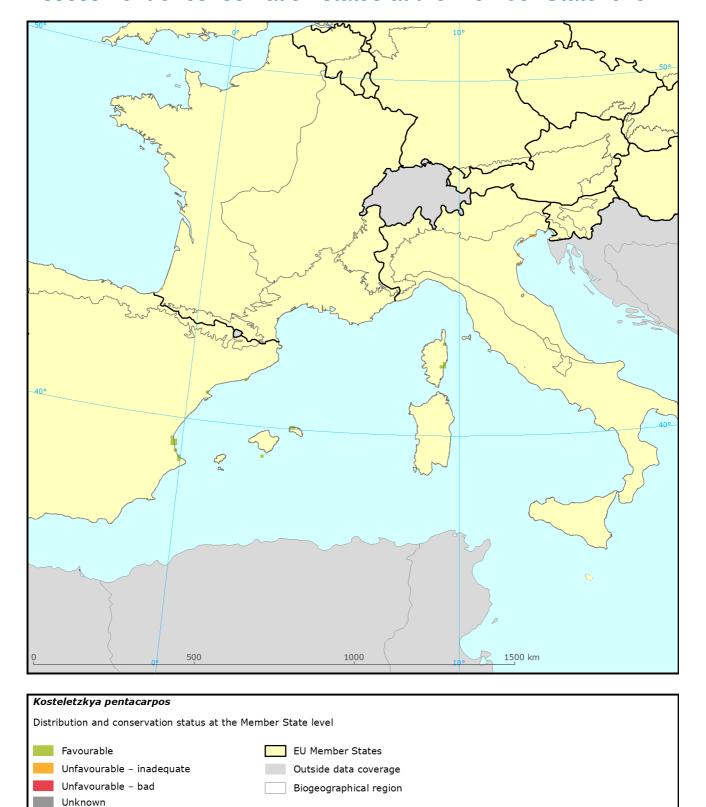


See the endnote for more informationⁱ

MED

Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

Assessment of conservation status at the Member State level



The map shows both Conservation Status and distribution using a $10 \text{ km} \times 10 \text{ km}$ grid. Conservation status is assessed at biogeographical level. Therefore the representation in each grid cell is only illustrative.

Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

	_	Conservation status of parameters				Current	Trend in	% in	Previous	Reason for
MS Region		Range	Population	Habitat	Future prospects	CS	CS CS	region	CS	change
IT	CON	U1	U1	U1	U1	U1	-	100.0	U1	No data
ES	MED	FV	FV	FV	FV	FV		76.5	U2-	Changed method
FR	MED	FV	FV	FV	XX	FV		23.5	FV	
IT	MED								U1	

Knowing that not all changes in conservation status between the reporting periods were genuine, Member States were asked to give the reasons for changes in conservation status. Bulgaria and Romania only joined the EU in 2007 and Greece did not report for 2007-12 so no reason is given for change for these countries. Greek data shown above is from 2001-06.

Main pressures and threats reported by Member States

Member States were asked to report the 20 most important threats and pressures using an agreed hierarchical list which can be found on the Article 17 Reference Portal. Pressures are activities which are currently having an impact on the species and threats are activities expected to have an impact in the near future. Pressures and threats were ranked in three classes 'high, medium and low importance'; the tables below only show threats and pressures classed as 'high', for some species there were less than ten threats or pressures reported as highly important.

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' pressures

Code	Activity	Frequency
J02	Changes in water bodies conditions	50
A02	Modification of cultivation practices	25
I01	Invasive alien species	25

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' threats

Code	Activity	Frequency
J02	Changes in water bodies conditions	50
A02	Modification of cultivation practices	25
I01	Invasive alien species	25

Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

Proportion of population covered by the Natura 2000 network

For species listed in the Annex II of the Directive Member States were asked to report the population size within the Natura 2000 network. The percentage of species population covered by the network was estimated by comparing the population size within the network and the total population size in the biogeographical/marine region.

Percentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites in biogeographical/marine region

	CON	MED
ES		100*
FR		75
IT	Х	Х

See the endnotes for more information ii

Most frequently reported conservation measures

For species listed in the Annex II of the Directive Member States were asked to report up to 20 conservation measures being implemented for this species using an agreed list which can be found on the Article 17 Reference Portal. Member States were further requested to highlight up to five most important ('highly important') measures; the table below only shows measures classed as 'high', for many species there were less than ten measures reported as highly important.

Ten most frequently reported 'highly important' conservation measures

Code	Measure	Frequency
6.1	Establish protected areas/sites	33
6.3	Legal protection of habitats and species	33
7.4	Specific single species or species group management measures	33

This information is derived from the Member State national reports submitted to the European Commission under Article 17 of the Habitats Directive in 2013 and covering the period 2007-2012. More detailed information, including the MS reports, is available at: http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article17/reports2012/species/summary/? group=Vascular+plants&period=3&subject=Kosteletzkya+pentacarpos

Report under the Article 17 of the Habitats Directive

Assessment of conservation status at the European biogeographical level: Current Conservation Status (Current CS) shows the status for the reporting period 2007-2012, Previous Conservation Status (Previous CS) for the reporting period 2000-2006. Reason for change in conservation status between the reporting periods indicates whether the changes in the status were genuine or not genuine. Previous Conservation Status was not assessed for Steppic, Black Sea and Marine Black Sea regions. For these regions the Previous status is therefore considered as 'unknown'. The percentage of the species population occurring within the biogeographical/marine region (% in region) is calculated based on the area of GIS distribution.

iiPercentage of coverage by Natura 2000 sites in biogeographical/marine region: In some cases the population size within the Natura 2000 network has been estimated using a different methodology to the estimate of overall population size and this can lead to percentage covers greater than 100%. In such case the value has been given as 100% and highlighted with an asterisk (*). The value 'x' indicates that the Member State has not reported the species population and/or the coverage by Natura 2000. No information is available for Greece. The values are only provided for regions, in which the occurrence of the species has been reported by the Member States.